Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIV.---NO. 97. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, JULY 14, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,955

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Filipino insurgents and three troops of the Fourth U. S. cavalry had an engagement Tuesday; two cavalrymen were wounded; the insurgents were driven to the hills, with a loss of 35 killed and wounded. —— United American Glue Co. organized with $35,000,000 capital. —— An alliance between the S. A. L. and the B. & O. Railroad is probable in the near future. —— Gen. Otis wants 2,500 horses sent him to mount a brigade of cavalry. —— British ship Carlisle Castle lost on the coast of Australia; the crew perished. —— Republican convention of Kentucky nominated W.S. Taylor for Governor. —— An uprising is reported in the Southern provinces of Peru. —— John Harrell arrested for the murder of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Wm. Hastings, in Randolph county, Ga. ——Sheriff's posse shot two white men who robbed the postoffice at Leesburg, Ga., and shot Judge Singletary; one of the robbers was killed, the other seriously wounded. —— Gov. McLaurin, of Mississippi, will undoubtedly be elected United States Senator. —— New York markets: Money on call steady at 3@4½ per cent., the last loan being at 4 per cent.; cotton steady, middling uplands 6 3-16c; flour a little quieter and a shade in buyers' favor; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 80c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 40½c; oats—spot steady; rosin steady, spirits turpentine quiet at 44@44½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., July 13.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 74 degrees, 8 P. M., 78 degrees; maximum, 90 degrees; minimum, 69 degrees; mean, 80 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 3.65.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 5.0 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Warmer and generally clear weather prevailed during the past 24 hours throughout the cotton belt, with light showers in the Galveston and Savannah districts. Clear weather continues.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—For North Carolina—Showers and cooler Friday; probably showers Saturday; variable winds.

Port Almanac July 14.

Sun Rises	4.57 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.15 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 18 M.
High Water at Southport	12.00 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	3 30 A. M.

An exchange expresses the opinion that "To arm the friendly Filipinos should be a part of the campaign on the Island of Luzon." And then let them shoot you in the back.

Russell Sage recently contributed one dollar to improve the cemetery in which his father and mother are buried. It would appear from this that Russell doesn't take much stock in cemeteries.

There are some things that the New Jersey deacon can stand, but when one of them went out a few days ago and found a big snake milking one of his cows he got so mad that he killed it on the spot.

With a frankness as remarkable as it is laudable, Captain Watkins, of the stranded liner Paris, admitted in his report that the stranding was caused by some unaccounable error on his part.

Some of the Republicans are wondering why General Funston refused to remain in Luzon, but insisted on coming home with his regiment. He probably saw all the fun he wanted and got tired of swimming.

The New York *Herald* rises to ask if the President has really at last decided to relieve himself and the country of Alger. As for relieving himself, he may, but as for relieving the country, Alger has about a $20,000,000 grip on that.

A new rifle they have in Europe is called the Mannlicher rifle. A ball accidentally discharged from one of them passed through the door of a room in which a dance was going on, went through the body of a musician, killing him, and through the bodies of five more men all of whom were dangerously wounded. The name of that "weepon" should be changed from Mannlicher to Mannkiller.

The President has just approved of the sentence of the court-martial dismissing Capt. John M. Neall from the army. Capt. Neall appropriated $1.600 which he afterward refunded. Capt. Carter several years ago appropriated $2,000,000 of Government money. He was tried by court-martial, convicted and sentenced to dismissal. But he still retains his commission and draws his salary. Capt. Neall didn't have the "pull" that Carter had, or, perhaps, he didn't appropriate enough.

LOCAL DOTS.

— Justice Bornemann tried one trivial case yesterday for disorderly conduct. He has several cases docketed for investigation to day.

— It was current on the streets yesterday that about a hundred of the colored people who left on the Norfolk excursion Monday did not return, but remained in that city.

— Contractor Thad. F. Tyler has begun work on a handsome new residence for Mr. Thomas H. Wright, on Eighth street, between Market and Dock. It will cost not less than $2,000.

— "Capt." Clarence D. Maffitt and party of friends are contemplating a sail around through Corn Cake Inlet to Wrightsville Beach on board his handsome yawl, the *Pleasure Seeker*, to-night.

— Superintendent of Health McMillan is already receiving bids for doing the scavenger work of the city, and most of them, he says, are from thoroughly reliable parties, who if they receive the contract will sublet the work.

— The regular Sabbath afternoon service at the Y. M. C. A. next Sunday will be conducted by Rev. R. M. Williams, the new pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Church. "God's Greatest Gift to Man" will be the subject of Mr. Williams' remarks.

— Interested parties are asked not to forget that Manager R. E. Pipkin, of the Norfolk, Baltimore and Washington excursion, will be at The Orton to day from 10 A. M. to 6 P. M., to give information regarding rates, accommodations, etc., to prospective patrons.

— Ralph Sholar, the little son of Mr. J. T. Sholar, on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, was very painfully but not seriously injured by being run over by a horse near corner Third and Castle streets Wednesday afternoon. He was doing very well yesterday.

— It is probable that there will be another meeting of the East Carolina Truck and Fruit Growers' Association here next Thursday to discuss the matter of refrigeration. The board of directors of the association, as has been announced, will meet in this city Wednesday.

— Hatch Brothers' excursion from Goldsboro and Wilson is expected to arrive this morning about 10 o'clock. It is probable that most of the excursionists will go straight through to the beach, coming up this afternoon about 4 o'clock and remaining in the city until 7 o'clock this evening.

— The Board of Equalization continued its sessions at the Court House yesterday. The attention of the public is called to the fact that the board will take its final adjournment tomorrow at 1 o'clock P. M., and all those who have complaints to file should bring in the same before that time.

— District Attorney C. M. Bernard, of Raleigh, is in the city to see into the matter of securing for the government a permanent site for the life saving station at the mouth of the river. The present site is only leased by the government. He is accompanied by Maj. E. H. Ruffner, of Charleston.

— Capt. Ed. Wilson Manning, county superintendent of education, yesterday held an examination of teachers for certificates of efficiency in the county public schools. The examination of white applicants was held in the superintendent's office at the court house, and that of colored applicants in the grand jury room, directly across the hallway.

— An interesting case is set for a hearing before Justice Jno. J. Fowler at 10 o'clock this morning. An East Wilmington resident is suing the Inter State Telephone and Telegraph Company for alleged damage to a shade tree by cutting a way through the branches for wires of the company. The trial will be by jury, and both sides will be represented by competent counsel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Worth Co.—Germania.
Notice—Mortgage foreclosure.
L. W. Bates—Horses and mules.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

N. Sidbury—Residence sold.

"Conscience Excursion."

What is aptly termed by the Charlotte *Observer* as the Seaboard Air Line's" Conscience Excursion" is scheduled to arrive at Wilmington next Wednesday afternoon, returning at 2.30 o'clock on Friday afternoon. The excursion is for the benefit of those who may have conscientious scruples against spending the Sabbath at the beaches, and will start from Chester, S. C., at 8.45 o'clock Wednesday morning. Visits will be made by the excursionists to Carolina and Wrightsville beaches and probably to Fort Caswell.

Two Alarms of Fire.

The fire department responded to two still alarms of fire yesterday—the first at 1 o'clock P. M., in a one-story frame dwelling, No. 617 Dock street, owned by Mr. B. H. J. Ahrens and occupied by Mr. Jerry Gaylord; the second at 5.24 o'clock P. M., in a two-story frame dwelling, No. 920 North Fifth street, owned and occupied by Anna Waddell, colored. The damage in the first instance was about $10; in the second only about fifty cents.

Persons wishing to locate in the truck region of North Carolina should correspond with the East Carolina Real Estate Agency, Burgaw, N. C. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

VISITING EDITORS.

Spent a Busy Day in Convention Yesterday On Carolina Beach.

ADJOURNED AT 4 O'CLOCK.

To Meet at Hendersonville in 1900—Libel Law and Anti-Trust Resolutions. Democratic Press Association Movement—Reception.

Yesterday's were the last sessions of the 1899 convention of the North Carolina Press Association, the convention having adjourned about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon to meet at Hendersonville in 1900. The members of the Association will come up to the city from Carolina Beach on the early boat and visit in a body Wrightsville Beach where they go through invitation of the Seacoast Railroad officials. A number of the editors will remain here some time, probably dividing the time between the two beaches and the city. Others will leave the city on various outgoing trains to-day. Go where they may, they, one and all, leave with the people of Wilmington and on Carolina Beach, with whom they have come in contact none but the most pleasant recollections and a sincere hope that it may again ere long be their honor to entertain the association in annual convention.

Yesterday's Sessions

Of the association were of the highest importance, much of the business transacted having a vital bearing upon the efficacy of the organization from a mutual benefit point of view and resolutions being adopted which when put into effect will certainly redound materially to the weal of the State.

The morning session was called to order at 9 o'clock, President W. T. Dowd, of the Charlotte *News* presiding.

After the usual opening ceremonies Mr. E. F. Lamb, of the Elizabeth City *Economist*, was introduced and presented a letter of fraternal greeting from Mr. R. B. Creecy, (Father Creecy as he is called by members of the association), the venerable editor of the *Economist*. Expressions of regret at his inability to attend were also expressed in the letter, which was ordered spread upon the minutes.

Newspapers and Trusts.

In the absence of Mr. Josephus Daniels, of the *News and Observer*, Mr. H. A. London, of the Pittsboro *Record*, as alternate, treated extemporaneously the subject "Newspapers and Trusts."

Mr. London argued that the power of trusts was constantly increasing and unless checked would cause the most serious consequences. Insistance was made that it is the duty of every patriotic editor to do all in his power to aid in checking and suppressing trusts. He explained that by the term trusts he referred not to corporations generally, but to combinations of corporations organized to stifle competition.

In response to a request of the association Mr. London prepared and introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the North Carolina Press Association hereby expresses its opposition to and condemnation of trusts and all combinations calculated to stifle competition in any lines of business, which so seriously threatens the prosperity and even the liberty of the people, and we as individual editors, pledge ourselves and our papers to do our utmost in checking and suppressing them.

Not Patronize Trusts.

Mr. C. L. Abernethy, of the Beaufort *Herald*, introduced the following resolution which was adopted with hearty good will, to wit:

Be it resolved, That the members of the North Carolina Press Association do not deal with nor purchase from any trusts or combines who deal in paper or printers supplies, if possible to purchase the same from any concerns who are not in a trust or combine, and who will sell material as cheaply and of as good quality.

Newspaper Profits.

Mr. W. F. Marshall, of the Gastonia *Gazette*, read a very profitable essay on the subject. "Is the Newspaper Business Profitable in North Carolina, and if Not Why Not?" The essay was well received and elicited many compliments.

Democratic Press Association.

The most lively discussion of the session was that upon the suggestion made by President W. C. Dowd in his annual address that a Democratic Press Association be formed. "The Advisability of Party Press Associations" was the subject as brought up for discussion. Among those who participated were J. B. Whitaker, of the Winston-Salem *Sentinel*; H. S. Blair, of the Lenoir *Topic*; W. C. Dowd, of the Charlotte *News*, and H. A. London, of the Pittsboro *Record*.

It was finally decided that it was not a matter that could be acted upon by the North Carolina Press Association and should be effected, if at all, entirely independent of the present general association. [It is well to state in this connection that such independent action was taken during the intermission of the convention's session.]

The Local Department.

Mr. J. J. Farriss, of the High Point *Enterprise*, and Mr. J. A. Roberson, of the Durham *Sun*, discussed the subject, "How may the local department be best developed in point of interest, variety and completeness."

Officers Elected.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

President—E. J. Whichard, of the Greenville *Reflector*.

First Vice President—Dr. T. N. Ivey, of the *North Carolina Christian Advocate*, Raleigh.

Second Vice President—Benjamin Bell, of the Wilmington *Messenger*.

Third Vice President—H. S. Blair, of the Lenoir *Topic*.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. B. Sherrill, of the Concord *Times*.

Historian—W. F. Marshall, of the Gastonia *Gazette*.

Orator—E. J. Hale, of the Fayetteville *Observer*.

Poet.—J. A. Roberson, of the Durham *Sun*.

Delegates to National Convention—H. A. London, Pittsboro *Record*; J. B. Whitaker, Winston-Salem *Sentinel*; R. M. Furman, Raleigh *Post*; J. B. Sherrill, the Concord *Times*; C. L. Abernathy, Beaufort *Herald*.

The selection of a poet was the most difficult feature of the election of officers.

There was a motion to continue W. W. Bays, Jr., of the Charlotte *Church and State*, he having been unavoidably detained from attending the convention this year, and reading a poem in compliance with his election as poet at the last convention. It was found, however, that the constitution forbade the re election of association officers A motion was also made to abolish the office of poet and another to select a poet from outside the association membership, both of which were lost.

In discussing these motions Mr. W. F. Marshall, of the Gastonia *Gazette*, insisted that the association ought to be hospitable to poetry and if only once in six years a poet worthy of the name was found homage should be paid to his talent and genius.

It was not until after considerable insistance and general discussion, during which the association was enlivened by numerous flashes of wit and mirth-provoking repartee, that Mr. Roberson, of the Durham *Sun*, was unanimously elected.

Mr. Roberson protested vigorously but his colleagues insisted that he must "evolve" the poem. During the discussion the prophesy was made that Mr. Roberson would provide one of the very best poems with which the association has ever been favored during its career of 27 years.

The secretary cast the vote of the association for most of the officers and the election of all the others was unanimous.

Seacoast Railroad Courtesy.

The announcement was made after the election of officers was disposed of, that Mr. James H Chadbourn, Jr., as freight and passenger agent of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad, extended a cordial invitation to the association to visit Wrightsville in a body taht (Thursday) afternoon and it was at first agreed to accept the invitation. Subsequently it was discovered that they could not go and return to the Beach in time to be in attendance upon the reception and dance by Sedgeley Hall Club last night and agreement was made that as many as possibly could do so, visit Wrightsville Beach, this morning instead. Members of the association during the discussion of the matter gave expression to high appreciation for the courtesy in the extending of which all the officers of the road joined heartily with Mr. Chadbourn.

Libel Law Resolutions.

The committee appointed to prepare resolutions protesting against the treatment the Legislative Committee received at the hands of the Judiciary Committee and its sub-committee in the matter of the bill amending the libel laws of the State, reported the following, which was unanimously adopted.

Resolved, 1st. That the N. C. Press Association endorse the proposed libel law as proposed by Mr. H. A. London, and presented to the Legislature of 1899, and we express our thanks to those members of the Committee appointed at the last meeting to look after this matter, for their unselfish and untiring efforts to secure the enactment of the same into law.

2nd. That we are surprised and wounded at the treatment seemingly unjust, negligent and discourteous towards the members of the Press of North Carolina, by the Judiciary Committee of the House of the Legislature of 1899, and especially the sub-committee of said committee, in failing to consider and report said proposed law to the House, after it had been properly referred to them. The members of the press feel that they have not been justly and courteously treated in this matter.

3rd. That the president select a committee to continue the efforts until we secure the passage of a just libel law in this State.

R. A. DEAL,
E.C. HACKNEY,
J. J. FARRISS.

The 1900 Session

of the North Carolina Press Association will be held in Hendersonville. The invitation was from the Hendersonville Board of Trade, was presented through Mr. M.L. Shipman, of the Hendersonville *Hustler*, and was read by the secretary when the matter of the trip to Wrightsville had been disposed of.

There was some hesitancy about adopting any place for the meeting now as it has been the practice of the association to leave this matter entirely to the executive committee. However, the invitation was so very cordial and Mr. Shipman referred so temptingly to the mountain scenery and promised such thorough entertainment that the association voted unanimously to accept the invitation.

Association Finances.

Messrs. Archibald Johnson, of the Thomasville *Charity and Children*, and J. J. Stone, of the Greensboro *Volunteer Fireman* as a committee to examine the books and accounts of the secretary and treasurer reported that the association has $464.35 to their credit, a portion of this amount being loaned out on interest. They heartily commended the Secretary and Treasurer for his faithfulness and efficiency.

The association took a recess about 12:45 o'clock until 4 o'clock when it was expected that the final session would be held on the steamer *Wilmington* en route to Wrightsville Beach, the association not having discovered then that such a trip would break into the arrangements of the entertainment committee for the Sedgeley Hall club reception and dance.

The Closing Session.

When the idea of a boat trip was abandoned after dinner the association assembled in the pavilion near the hotel and adopted, amid much enthusiasm, the following resolution of thanks, to-wit:

Resolved, That the North Carolina Press Association is keenly appreciative of the many courtesies extended it during this, the twenty-seventh annual meeting, and would especially thank in this connection the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce and its obliging President, Mr. Wm. E. Worth; the Wilmington Merchants' Association and its attentive representative, Mr. P. Heinsberger; Captain J. W. Harper, of the steamer *Wilmington*; Captain R. A. Jenkins, proprietor of the Oceanic Hotel; the Sedgeley Hall and Hanover Seaside Clubs, of Carolina Beach; our brethren of the Wilmington press, both for individual courtesies and excellent reports of our sessions; the Wilmington Street Car Co., the Seacoast Railroad Co., and the several railroad companies of the State.

This was the last action, and formal adjournment was taken until the 1900 convention in Hendersonville.

Democratic Association.

About 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a large company of the Democratic editors met in Oceanic Hotel for the purpose of organizing the proposed Democratic Press Association of North Carolina. Mr. R. M. Furman, of the Raleigh *Post*, was made chairman, and Mr. R. P. Lamb, of the Elizabeth City *Economist*, secretary.

Chairman Furman made a concise statement of the purpose of the meeting and explained that it was not intended that the Democratic Press Association should in any way interfere with the regular North Carolina Press Association, but was merely for the purpose of getting the Democratic editors together so that during political campaigns there would be the greatest possible concert of action along the line of party policy,

Similar references to the purpose of the proposed association were made by J. B. Whitaker, of the Winston-Salem *Sentinel*; C. L. Abernathy, of the Beaufort *Herald*, and H. A. London, of the Pittsboro *Record*.

The general sentiment of the editors present seemed to have been expressed by C. P. Sapp, of the *News and Observer*, in the declaration that he would oppose the movement if it was intended to in any way hamper the individual editor and bind him to a policy which he did not personally approve.

On motion of Mr. London, Chairman Furman appointed a committee of five to draft a constitution and by-laws for the association. The same motion provided that when the constitution and by-laws shall have been prepared, Chairman Furman will call a meeting of the Democratic editors, act upon them and effect permanent organization.

The committee is as follows: H. A. London (chairman), C. P. Sapp, J. A. Thomas, J. P. Kerr, C. L. Abernathy, J. B. Whitaker and J. W. Fagan.

A Brilliant Reception.

Sedgeley Hall clubmen covered themselves with glory in the splendid success which attended the reception complimentary to the editors and ladies attending the convention. The only unfortunate feature about the event was that the Second Regiment Band was deterred from rendering the concert announced for 8.30 o'clock. This was owing to the serious illness of Mrs. S. A. Schloss, wife of the leader of the band. There was however excellent dance music by the Baltimore Italian Band and dancing was the principal feature of the evening. Ice cream and other refreshments were served and every attendant pronounced the reception a complete success despite the disappointment in not having the band concert.

BASE BALL THIS AFTERNOON.

Wilmington Will Meet Caswell On the Diamond — Game Arranged With Wilson for Saturday Afternoon.

This afternoon at 4 o'clock Wilmington's "ball cranks" will have an opportunity of witnessing a lively game between the local team and the Fort Caswell nine.

Manager Hatch, of the Wilmington team, received a telegram last night from Corporal Foster, saying that his "boys" are in fine trim and will be up on the steamer *Wilmington* in time to try conclusions with the city "tossers" at Hilton Park at the hour specified above.

The Caswell players already have gained for themselves a fine reputation with teams North and every indication points to a "rattling good" game. Cars will be run to Hilton as usual and the same prices at the gate will prevail as on the occasion of other games this season.

Wilmington's nine will be picked from the following well known players: Morton, Sweeney, Jones B., Jones E, Schutte, McLaurin, Sinclair, Hatch, Sellers, Watson, Turrentine, Davis, Genaust, Brunson, Taylor, Alston.

A telegram also received last night from Manager W. I. Skinner, of Wilson, announces that his team will arrive here over the Coast Line at 9.40 o'clock to-morrow morning and will play Wilmington in the afternoon, returning on the 7 o'clock evening train. Person, "the wizard twirler," who enjoys a State reputation, will be in the box for Wilson during this game. Watson and Sweeney "the invincibles," will do the work for Wilmington.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Wm. W. Johnson, of Norfolk, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. W. W. Miller, of Rocky Point, is registered at The Orton.

— Mr. N. Sidbury, of Scott's Hill, was making business calls here yesterday.

— Mr. T. H. Hales, of Elizabethtown, was a passenger on the *Driver* yesterday.

— Mr. C. H. Jenny, of Dillon, S. C., was among yesterday's arrivals in the city.

— Mr. R. D. Smith, of Jessups, Bladen county, was in the city yesterday on business.

— Mr. T. B. Stackhouse, a prominent business man of Dillon, S. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. J. Holly, of Natmore, was in the city calling on the wholesale merchants yesterday.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Rehder left yesterday to spend of couple of weeks at Blue Ridge Springs, Va.

Alderman Hugh MacRae and family are at Linville in Western North Carolina for the Summer.

— Mr. E. Henning Smith, one of Charlotte's most popular society young men, arrived in the city yesterday to spend several days.

— Editor Roscower, of the Goldsboro *Headlight*, was a STAR visitor yesterday. He was on his way to Carolina Beach to join the "press gang."

— Mr. E. A. Hawes, senior member of the firm of Hawes & Sellers, Atkinson, N. C., and little sod Stephen, are in the city on a visit combined with pleasure and business.

— Mr. H. M. Ayer, editor of the Florence *Times*, passed through the city yesterday en route to Carolina Beach to "look in upon" the North Carolina editors in assembly there.

— Mr. Ed. H. Farriss, a very clever young man who has been connected with the Palace Bakery for some time, has resigned his position there to travel for Mr. J. Allen Taylor.

— Miss Lizzie Weimar, of Weimar, S. C., has been elected as assistant teacher to Professor E. O. Counts, in the faculty of St. Paul's Lutheran Parochial Academy, for the coming Fall term of this high class educational institution. Miss Annie Henkel, of Virginia, Prof. Counts' accomplished assistant during the past term, has resigned.

VERY ENJOYABLE SAILING PARTY.

Given by Mr. Jack Bellamy Complimentary to Miss Oates and Miss Clark.

A very pleasant sailing party aboard the sharpie *Annie Otto* was given by Mr. "Jack" Bellamy at Wrightsville yesterday, complimentary to Miss May Oates, of Charlotte, and Miss Nannie Clark, of Tarboro.

The sail was one of the most pleasant given at the beach during the season and was thoroughly enjoyed.

The party was made up of the following visiting and Wilmington young people: Miss Lizzie Cotten and Miss Sue Clark, of Tarboro; Miss Young, of Charlotte; Miss Eliza Bellamy, Miss Mabel Powers, of Wilmington; Messrs. Cam Buxton and Hugh Brown, of Winston; Mr. Henry Johnson, of Tarboro; Messrs. Geo. L. Peschau, Walter Williams, T. C. DeRosset and Marsden Bellamy, Jr., of Wilmington.

The party sailed to the Hanby Cottage on Wrightsville and took aboard a party of young ladies marooning there, among them being Miss Lola Martin, Miss Della Clark, Miss Bettie DeRosset, Miss Octavia Boatwright, Miss Lizzie Cotchett, Miss Nessie Cotchett, Miss Emma West, Miss Fair Payne and Miss Bessie Payne.

FIRE AT WADESBORO, N. C.

Depots, Three Freight Cars and Dwelling Destroyed Early Yesterday Morning.

Superintendent of Streets J. A. Perry, who returned on the 12.05 P. M. Seaboard Air Line train yesterday, from Charlotte, where he has been to attend the Road-builders' Institute, now in session there, told a STAR reporter of a destructive fire at Wadesboro early yesterday morning.

He said that as the Charlotte train passed that town about 7 o'clock yesterday morning, the S. A. L.'s freight depot, on the northern side of the track, the passenger depot, almost directly opposite, and three freight cars on the siding, were burning. A one-story dwelling house, in close proximity to the buildings above named, was also burned, Mr. Perry said. He was unable to learn the origin of the fire or the extent of the damage. The fire, he said, had been in progress for more than an hour when the train arrived and a delay of equally as long a time was occasioned in the train's passing over the track, which had become heated by the flames.

Distinguished Guest.

Bishop Leo Haid, of the Roman Catholic Church in North Carolina and Abbot of the Benedictine Monastery, at Belmont, N. C., arrived here yesterday and was the guest of Rev. Father Dennen at The Orton until the afternoon, when he was taken by Father Dennen to his handsome cottage on Wrightsville Beach, where he will remain for some time.

Excursion.

Remember Pipkin's Excursion to Washington City, Norfolk or Baltimore gives you two days in Washington City or Baltimore. Remember day and date, Tuesday July 25, 1899. Train leaves over W. & W. R. R. Wilmington, N. C., at 8 o'clock sharp. You can get your tickets and state room any time by writing the manager. R. E. PIPKIN,
† Manager, Goldsboro, N. C.

OFF FOR MOREHEAD CITY.

The Wilmington Light Infantry, About Forty Strong, Will Leave by Way of Newbern To-morrow.

Preparations are going on rapidly for the Wilmington Light Infantry to go into camp at Morehead City to-morrow night.

Employers of the members of the campany were a little indifferent about granting their employes leaves of absence at first, but Capt. White yesterday expressed himself as being much more encouraged at the prospects for carrying a sufficient quota to save the company from a possibility of disbandment by the authorities. It is now thought, he said, that as many as forty members of the camp will be enabled to go.

Corporal O. A. Wiggins, Jr., and privates H. G. Smallbones, Jr., and Oscar Peck, with two servants, left on the Newbern train yesterday afternoon to "blaze the way" for the company, according to Order No. 5, received by Capt. White several days ago. Quartermaster Sergeant J. S. Hooper, with provisions and cooks, will leave today to get the commissary department in healthy shape by the time the boys arrive there. Captain and Adjutant Bradley J. Wootten, of the regiment, with one servant, will also leave today.

The company itself will leave tomorrow on the 2.25 P. M. Newbern train and will go into camp to-morrow night.

It is now more than probable that Col. W. A. Johnson, of the Second Regiment, will also go to Morehead on the same train with the infantry Saturday.

SOUTHSIDE BAPTIST MEETING.

Revival Services by Rev. Mr. Hoge Will Close With To-night's Sermon.

Interest in the series of revival services being conducted at Southside Baptist Church by Rev. B. Lacy Hoge, and Mrs. Hoge, of Concord, continues unabated and the meetings yesterday afternoon and last night were well attended, all the available room in the building being occupied.

Rev. Mr. Hoge preached last night from the theme, "Who Shall be Saved," and his discourse was a very effective one from beginning to end. At the conclusion of the sermon seven persons made a profession of faith and three signified their intention of joining the Southside Church.

The series of sermons by Mr. Hoge will be concluded with to-night's services and he and Mrs. Hoge will return to their home, leaving behind them many friends in Wilmington, who will rejoice to have them here again.

During the progress of the meeting ninety-three professions in all have been made and to-night twenty-one applicants for church membership will be baptized by Rev. Mr. Hoge and pastor Farrington.

Mr. Hoge's theme to-night will be "Baptism and Communion," and the public is cordially invited to hear his last message to the Southside congregation.

THE MUNICIPAL COURT YESTERDAY.

Several Cases of Passing Interest Tried by Mayor Waddell.

Henry Reynolds, the negro arrested Wednesday afternoon for the larceny of a balance pea from a pair of platform scales in the store of Mr. A. D. Wessell, was arraigned in the municipal court yesterday and committed to jail in default of $50 justified bond for his appearance at the next term of New Hanover Circuit Criminal Court.

Price Alexander, colored, for engaging with his wife in a domestic row, was fined $5 and required to pay the costs, in default of which he was sent below to serve a term of ten days.

William Smith was fined $5 for being drunk and down.

Rosa King and Mamie Garfield, colored occupants of a house in "Paradise Alley," were arraigned for disorderly conduct, and upon affidavit of removal Mayor Waddell sent the case to Justice Harriss Northrop, who at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon committed them in default of the payment of fines to a term of twenty days in the county jail.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Look in our Window.

A NICE PRESENT
For You!

SAME PLACE. 63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.
jy 9 tf

Honest Men Agree
That Integrity is a Business Asset

"Q" brand of Flour,
Stock's Best brand of Flour

Are honest in every dust. They are a quick asset in the hands of every Retailer, because they are ready sellers and sure to make increased business to the handler. If your trade has been complaining or dull, try above brands. We guarantee and stand for them. No trouble to mail samples.

VOLLERS & HASHAGEN,
SOUTHERN AGENTS.
Dealers also in
Provisions,
Lard and all Hog Products.
jy 2 tf

STATEMENT OF
Atlantic National Bank,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
At the Close of Business June 30th, 1899, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 731,348.18
Overdrafts		10.75
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,000.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've ag'ts	$ 87,645.53	
Due from other banks	100,083.44	
Cash on hand	88,617.73	276,346.70
Total		$1,092,207.63

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		26,587.66
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S. Treas.	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	110,111.04	
Deposits from Individuals	664,468.99	824,579.97
Total		$1,092,207.63

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	June 30, '97.	June 30, '98.	June 30, '99
Total deposits	$530,000	$550,000	$824,000
Surplus and net profit	66,690	78,690	92,587

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.
☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1892. jy 4 tf

VIRGINIA MEAL.

1200 BUSHELS VA. MEAL.
1000 BUSHELS CITY MEAL.
1500 BUSHELS CORN.
100 BOXES BABBITT'S LYE.
90 BOXES M. LYE.
86 BOXES STAR LYE.
75 BOXES TOMSON LYE.
15 BOXES M. LYE.
28 BOXES BALL POTASH.
90 BOXES BORAX SOAP.
25 BOXES BOSS SOAP.
40 BOXES 3c SOAP.
80 BOXES OLD VA. CHEROOTS.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
jy 13 tf Wilmington, N. C.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR HOME BEER.
Pure and Mild. Ask for Wiener Export and take no other. Best in town.
Home Brewing Co.,
RICHMOND, VA.
Wilmington Branch,
DAVID CONNELL,
Manager.
jy 9 tf 114 North Water street

Carolina Beach and Southport Schedule.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 6TH, BOAT LEAVES FOR CAROLINA BEACH,
6 and 9:15 A. M., 3, 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. Train leaves Beach, 7 A. M.; 1, 3.45, 6 and 8.30 P. M.
No 7.30 P. M. boat from Wilmington and no 8.30 P. M. boat from Beach on Mondays
Fare to pier and return on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M. boats, 15c.
Leaves Sunday, 10 A. M., 2.30 P. M. and 7.30 P. M. Leaves Beach, 12.30, 6 and 8.30 P. M.
FOR SOUTHPORT,
boat leaves 9.15 and 10.15 A. M., and 3 P. M. Leaves Southport, 6.30 A. M., 12 M., 2.30 P. M.
Freight for Southport received only on 9.15 boat.
je 6 tf J. W. HARPER, Manager.

BATHING CAPS.
Fresh Stock.
JAS. D. NUTT,
Druggist and Pharmaceutical Chemist.
je 30 tf Wilmington, N. C

FOR RENT.

FROM OCTOBER FIRST, Residence No. 319 South Third street. All modern conveniences.
Apply to CHAS. E. BORDEN.
jy 9 1w su we fr

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

HORSES, MULES, HORSES. I have on hand twenty Horses and Mules, and among them some of the best I have ever shipped to this city, and in order to clean up for the Summer, I will sell for CASH any animal on hand AT FIRST COST.
All stock guaranteed as represented.
L. W. BATES,
jy 14 tf 112 WATER STREET.

GERMANIA.
PORTLAND CEMENT,
HOFFMAN ROSINDALE CEMENT,
ANCHOR LINE.
STANDARD BAGGING,
STANDARD TIES.
Virginia Water Ground Meal.
BEST GROCERIES,
BEST PRICES,
BEST TERMS.
THE WORTH CO.
jy 14 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year; $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1899.

HOW THEY INCREASE WAGES.

Every increase in the wages of workmen employed by trusts is exultingly pointed to by the trust advocates and defenders as a proof that the trusts are the friends of the working man and not the "soulless corporations" they are represented to be. Why, they ask, if the trusts are not the friends of the people they employ do they voluntarily increase wages, when there was no necessity for so doing and they could command all the labor they needed at the wages they were paying, or even less? Why they increase wages is very easily explained. The men who are operating these trusts know very well that these combines are going to be a looming issue in the next national election in a good many of the States, when the votes of the working men will be very potent and valuable. It is therefore to their interest to make friends of the men they employ and thus prevent them from voting against the trusts. If the trusts reduced wages, or even insisted upon their workmen working for very low wages, they would create an antagonism that might and probably would make itself felt in the coming elections. But by increasing wages, paying their men more than they had been getting before, they make it the interest of the workmen not to oppose them or vote against them, although on general principles they may be opposed to trusts. This is simply one way they have of buying the votes of their workmen in advance, without being charged with buying votes or without the workmen suspecting anything of the kind. The trust operators are shrewd enough to understand all this and business men enough to see that the money thus invested in increasing wages is better invested, and will bring a surer return, than money put into the campaign hat, where it sometimes fails to accomplish its purpose.

We do not by this mean to say that the men who work for trusts and are fortunate enough to have their wages increased are thus bought, for they may not suspect the motive, and are not presumed to have much concern in the motive while they reap the benefit, but it is reasonable to suppose that men who are fairly well paid for their labor are not going to pick a quarrel with and make war upon the institutions that employ them and pay them better than they had been paid before, and do it unsolicited. This, at least, looks like taking an interest in the toiler and sharing some of the profits with him, when the same kind of labor might be had for less money. Isn't it easy to see that there is both business and policy in thus increasing wages? Of course the trust men would never acknowledge any such selfish motive.

But it is a very easy matter for the trusts to increase wages and yet save money on the payroll, and make handsome dividends for the stockholders, when there isn't too much watered stock to pay dividends upon, and when the trusts operate establishments which turn out products for which there is an active and continuous demand. How they can do this so easily is thus lucidly illustrated by the Minnesota *Press Bulletin*:

> A trust is composed, let us say, of twenty concerns. They each employ 250 hands, earning $500 a year, on the average, and 25 more expensive help or travelling salesmen, averaging $2,000 a year. The aggregate is 5,000 hands, earning $2,500,000 and 500 office men, earning $1,000,000; grand total of the pay rools, $3,500,000. If, on completing the combine, it is determined to reduce the force of hands one-fourth—often it is more—it cuts the remaining pay roll down to $1,875,000. Only one in ten, say of the office and travelling force is retained, the roll of the remaining fifty amounting to $190,000. Total of the remaining pay rolls, $1,975,000. How much, then, has the trust saved by the combine? Why, the difference between the former pay roll and the remaining—$1,975,000. 'We will increase wages,' says the trust and it does so—a paltry 10 per cent. This will require $197,500, and this can be paid out of what has been saved by the combine on wages alone, and have $1,577,000 remaining! Not only has an army of unimployed been turned loose, but the price of the product has been raised, as in the case of barbed wire, from $1.75 to $3 per hundred within a year!"

This is a very plain and simple statement, through which a child could see. Dispensing with a large number of men and adding a small fraction to the pay of the remainder is a very easy way of accomplishing two things; one saving a good deal of money, and the other making a reputation for liberality with a very small part of the money saved. That's business.

But it isn't a very good business for the men who are thrown out of employment, nor for the country, for there is more lost to trade in the wages of those deprived of work than there is gained by the small increase in the wages of those employed. While appearing to do good by the increase in wages the trusts do harm by depriving so many of the opportunity to earn wages. This would be true if the whole amount of wages saved by the reduction of the force were divided among the remaining employed, for it takes more money to provide for two than for one. The merchant, the grocer, the butcher, the baker and others who supply the wants of people will quickly see this, for they, too, suffer when workmen are deprived of employment.

While the trusts are saving in wages by reducing the number of employed, they also raise prices and add to their dividends both ways. They can, therefore, very well afford to increase wages and are entitled to no commendation for it.

WHO DID THE GUESSING?

It is now pretty generally conceded even by the supporters of the Administration's Philippine war policy that there has been some very poor guessing done as to the outcome of the military operations in the island of Luzon. The New York *Tribune*, a few days ago, had an editorial on this guessing from which we clip the following paragraph:

> "The course of events in the Philippines has not met expectations encouraged by outgivings that purported to come from the War Department. One cannot tell whether the optimistic dispatches announcing a near surrender of the insurgents as the result of negotiations were inspired by some hopeful soul in the Department or having the run of it, or by the conciliatory Professor Schurman, who is now returning from service on the Commission. It does not yet appear that his hopeful predictions have been answered by facts. But Washington has its champion optimist also. Whether it was somebody in the War Department or some too sanguine reporter of the press, eagerly interpreting a wink as a victory and a nod as the end of the campaign, the elaborate tactical descriptions of movements in progress, which never resulted at all as Washington expected, gave the public he impression that General Otis did not often guess very well. Later events have indicated that it was not General Otis who guessed wrong."

Somebody besides Gen. Otis, it seems, according to the *Tribune*, did the poor guessing, but didn't Gen. Otis report that he could finish up the business there with 30,000 effective troops? Some other military gentlemen guessed differently for they have expressed the opinion that it would take a good many more than that, and they seem to have done better guessing for more troops are to be sent. The fact is there has been too much guessing all along, which suggest the inquiry, how much confidence can people have in men who have proved such poor guessers and prophets?

A GROWL FROM CUBA.

It has been apparent for some time that Gen. Gomez was playing a game of his own, and that his admiration for the Americans and his professed willingness to co-operate with them was simply put on. Gomez doesn't like the Americans any better than he liked the Spaniards, and his speech before that "Independence" meeting at Havana, published in the STAR press dispatches yesterday, shows it. His tribute to American progress and all that kind of thing simply emphasizes the dislike, which is doubtless shared in by thousands of Cubans, even by many of those who are reported to prefer annexation to independence. If the facts were known as to the inspiration of that meeting we have no doubt that Gomez would be found behind it, that he had plenty of time to fix up that speech and put himself forward as the champion of independence.

There are a good many people in this country who will agree with Gen. Gomez in what he says whether they believe in his sincerity or not, nor is there any cause for surprise at the restiveness being shown at the protracted military occupation of that island without any definite information or intimation as to when that occupation is to cease. The talk about the annexation sentiment simply intensifies this restiveness and makes the strain the greater. We have had intimations enough not only from the Cubans, but from Americans who have been in Cuba, that our military occupation is not satisfactory, and my precipitate a conflict. It looks sometimes as if we would make as bad a mess of our Cuban management, as we have made in the Philippines.

Under the new plan of leasing her penitentiary convicts, Georgia makes about $200,000 a year out of them.

POLITICS IN THE ARMY.

It has been frequently asserted that there was no politics in the military business conducted by this administration. That sounds nice, but it isn't borne out by the facts. There was politics in the war from the time the first regiment was mustered in for Cuba, and the war in the Philippines is full of politics. There is so much politics in it that even the commanding generals incorporate politics into their reports.

A short while ago, after his conference with the President, Governor Roosevelt (who, by the way, worked the war to elect himself Governor of New York) said in an interview that in making appointments of officers for the new regiments to be sent to the Philippines politics would not be considered, commenting upon which the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

> "In the face of this declaration comes a dispatch from Washington notifying Pennsylvania soldiers that if they want commissions they must apply to Senators Quay and Penrose, who, of course, will use even this petty patronage to promote Quayism in the State. The dispatch says:
>
> 'Senators Quay and Penrose were in the city this morning, and called at the War Department and had a conference with Secretary Alger and General Corbin in regard to the appointments of officers in Pennsylvania. They were told that Pennsylvania would have from about twenty-four to twenty-six officers in the new regiments, and the Senators stated to General Corbin that they would consult to day with the Pennsylvania delegation and submit to-morrow a list of officers they would endorse. They were given a list of officers, picked out by the President, who had seen meritorious service.'
>
> "The intimation is that the choice of officers is to be made out of a list of eligibles prepared by the President, and that is a distinct advance upon the old method, but the choice is to be made by politicians, and commissioners are to be given out not for military merit alone, as Governor Roosevelt hoped, but because of the political influence of the appointees or their backers. Such a method of appointment and promotion is demoralizing to the army, even though care should be taken to limit appointments to qualified men who have seen service. The soldiers who have no political influence back of them are discouraged, and those who receive appointments must feel that they have not won them by merit alone, but are under obligations to their backers for a favor that must be returned."

We in the South are not much interested in this, for the Southern volunteers were frozen out from the start and not given much chance to win glory or get into the line of promotion, Gen. Wheeler and Col. Wood, now General, being almost the sole exceptions. It may sound nice to say there is no politics in it, but as a matter of fact this is not true.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE

— Wilkesboro *Journal*: About 250,000 chickens are shipped from Wilkesboro each year, and bring about $50,000 in return.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Lightning struck a tree under which a number of hands were standing in Gray's Creek township, Cumberland county, last Friday and instantly killed a white man named Andrew Murdock and seriously injuring his wife and two colored people. Two mules were killed.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: In Reidsville Monday night Ed. Johnson and Hence Thomas, both colored, became engaged in an altercation which resulted in the death of the latter. Johnson shot Thomas three times and death followed instantaneously. The murderer escaped and $35 reward has been offered for his arrest. It is said he was in Greensboro Tuesday though the police have as yet been unable to locate him.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: An incendiary fire destroyed the gin-house and saw mill of Mr. James M. Wood, in New Hope township, Wednesday night, together with all the machinery, causing a loss $2,000, with only $500 insurance. The little negro boy who was accidentally shot by his father (Emperor Jones) while cleaning an old pistol Friday evening, died in this city on Tuesday.

— Raleigh *Post*: In talking with the *Post* Mr. Dautridge, who is a leading farmer of Edgecombe county, stated that the tick or splenic fever (as he believes) or some fatal disease of similar character is playing sad havoc with catile in his county. Fourteen fine cows belonging to his herd have recently died after being attacked with the disease, as have those of other citizens of that community. Prof. Curtice, veterinarian of the State Agricultural Department, went to Edgecombe yesterday morning, at the request of Mr. Dautridge and others, to examine into the matter and provide and suggest such means of relief as he can.

— Rocky Mount *Motor*: The tramp who passed through Rocky Mount during a snow in the winter of '93-'94 and was given a pair of rubber overshoes by one of our citizens has written a long letter to the donor from Circle City, in the gold regions, and after expressing his high appreciation for the kindly act when he was, "Out at the elbow and out at the toes, Out of money and out of clothes," he said further that fortune had not only knocked at his cabin door, but had been admitted and when he comes South next September he would remember past favors substantially. Enough to buy a house and lot is confidentially expected by the gentleman who "cast his bread upon the water."

—From Aventsville, in Nash county, to Rocky Mount there is not a sorry crop of any kind. Not only are all crops fine, but are away ahead of former years' best prospects.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Waccamaw, Zion, July 15-16.
Whiteville, Fair Bluff, July 18.
Wilmington, Grace, July 23-24.
Elizabeth, Bladen Springs, July 29-30.
Scott's Hill, Acorn Branch, August 5-7.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Jacksonville, August 19-13.
Onslow, Queen's Creek, August 15.
Kenansville, Warsaw, August 19-20.
Clinton, Goshen, August 23.

R. F. BUMPASS, Presiding Elder

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—According to the latest reports from Manila the country there offers unexcelled opportunities for gaining proficiency in General Funston's aquatic accomplishments.—*Baltimore Herald, Ind.*

—General Wood goes back to fever stricken Santiago and his modest Army salary, declining a railway presidency worth $20,000 per annum and other accompanying advantages. Heroes are not always made of wood, as Otaheitan idols used to be, but the gallant General's case is an exception. He is of heroic timber through and through, an honor to the service and the country of which both have good reason to be proud.—*New York Tribune, Rep.*

—A dispatch from Manila says that friendly Filipinos recently almost converted a prominent rebel General and several hundred of his followers in Cavite Provience. That is to say, they succeeded in getting the General to finally announce that "having sworn to support the insurrection he must remain loyal to the end." An "almost" conversation of this kind does not amount to much towards ending the rebellion. Even Aguinaldo himself might be "almost" converted in the same manner without materially hastening the end of the troubles in the Philippines—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—The Philadelphia *Press* (rep.) is out of patience with the "child of protective tariff," the American Tin Plate Company, for "precipitating a contest with its labor over the wages scale." The action "challenges the entire issue," in the opinion of the *Press*, which regards it as "a safe general proposition that a monopolized industry protected by the tariff, which has a wage conflict on its hands, in a time of great prosperity, has done its permanent interests injury, risked its own production, and dealt a blow to the entire cause of protection."—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Edna—"Why do you wear gloves while learning to play poker?" Edith—"Because Jack told me never to show my hand."—*Chicago News.*

—Tramp—"Yep, lady, I'm known from Maine to California as 'Printed Calico.'" Lady—"What a funny name. Why do they call you that?" Tramp—"'Cause if yer went to wash me I'd run."—*Chicago News.*

— The Small Boy: Can't I bring in some of the fellows to look at my baby brother?" The Trusted Nurse—"Mercy, no!" Small Boy—"Humph! Anyone would think, to hear you talk, that he belonged to you."—*Puck.*

— "Now," said the teacher, "you may tell me what a joint partnership is." "A joint partnership," answered the New York boy promptly, "is what you have got to have with the police before they will let your joint do business."—*Washington Star.*

— Did you see anything of a stray pig along the road?" Asked the farmer of an Irishman who was passing. "Begorry," replied the son of Erin, "an' how would Oi be afther knowin' a stray pig from ony other pig?"—*Chicago News.*

— Bill—"And you say that they won't allow a fellow to throw himself head first from the East river bridge?" Jill—"That's what I said. It seems to be the only kind of a dive that the police interfere with around New York."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— "I wonder why it is," said the proud father, "that Willie has suddenly developed a preference for saying his prayers to me?" His wife laughed scornfully. "He knows you can't correct him if he makes a mistake or cuts them short," she said.—*Chicago Evening Post.*

— To What It may Come—"May I ask to be considered a candidate for your hand?" he faltered, not forgetting the formal courtliness habitual with him. The beautiful Gwendolyn Manhattan Borough regarded him by no means unconcernedly. "Are you Mr. Croker's candidate, or Mr. Platt's candidate, or merely the reform candidate?" she asked, and her earnestness was such that it could not be wholly affected.—*Puck.*

APPOINTMENTS.

By the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 14, Friday, consecration of church, Creswell.

July 16, Sunday, 7th after Trinity, M. P., S. Ionds, Scuppernong.

A GRIM CEREMONY.

An Emperor's Death Hastened by Rehearsing His Own Funeral.

Emperor Charles V of Spain brought about his death by rehearsing his own funeral. For the last two years of his life, after resigning the scepter of Spain and the Netherlands to his son Philip, in 1556, Charles retired to the monastery of Yuste, in Estremadura, and there lived a cloister life in close intercourse with the monks, devoting much time to religious exercises. During this period, prompted it may be by the example of Cardinal de la Marck, who for several years before his death, in 1528, had annually rehearsed his own obsequies, the emperor, in the summer of 1558, formed the resolution to celebrate his own funeral before he died.

Accordingly, on Aug. 30 of that year, the grim farce was carried out with the most elaborate ceremonial. The imperial domestics marched with black tapers in their hands, and the emperor, clad in sable weeds, himself followed, wearing his shroud. While the solemn mass for the dead was sung before the high altar in the cathedral Charles gave up his taper to the priest, typifying thereby his resignation of life, and was solemnly laid in his coffin. The ceremony closed with sprinkling holy water on his body; then, all the attendants retiring, the doors were shut, and Charles rose from his narrow bed and withdrew to his private apartment.

The damping of the graveclothes induced a chill, which, aided no doubt by the mental depression caused by the grewsome ceremony, induced a fever which ended in his death three weeks later, on the 21st of September, 1588.

A Missing Link.

It will doubtless surprise many who have never even heard of the brute that there still exists on the island of Java an animal, or rather a reptile, which seems to be the missing link between the ichthyosauri of prehistoric days and the well known saurians of modern times.

This animal is known to the Javanese as "linguin." It fell to the luck of Baron Alfonso Pereira, consul general of Austria-Hungary, to shoot one of these beasts some years ago. Its length was between nine and ten feet, and it looked a cross between a snake and a crocodile. Though the beast was cut and wounded in its encounter with Baron Pereira it did not bleed.

BREVITIES

PERSONALITIES.

Henry Watterson is a bicyclist and rides at least once every day.

The closest friend Admiral Dewey has in the navy is Admiral John G. Walker.

The two Vermont senators, Proctor and Ross, graduated in the same class at college.

Walter S. Mather, a well known business man of Hartford, who died the other day, was a descendant of the famous Cotton Mather.

Mr W. F. Gilbert cultivates other things besides the muse of poetry. He is an amateur agriculturist and takes great delight in his Jersey cows.

J. Pierpont Morgan is said to be greatly displeased that the fact has been made public that he gave $35,000 for the electric lighting of St. Paul's cathedral, London.

Ex-Senator Charles J. Faulkner was the chef of the late senate. He can make the most delicious Welsh rabbit ever constructed, having improved on a recipe given him by a French cook.

Years ago the general now at the head of the army was known among the rank and file as "Paddy" Miles, a name to which he was said to be partial, considering it an evidence of affection.

Olga Nethersole, in a recent lecture before the University of Chicago's Graduate club, said of Rudyard Kipling that he was, "as Ian Maclaren had declared, the poet laureate of the whole world."

Baron Cedarstrom, husband of Mme. Patti, is greatly incensed at the report that he became acquainted with the songstress while acting as her masseur. He says he did not meet his wife "professionally."

Abraham Ebner, residing in Utica, is 117 years of age. He is the oldest person in New York and is certainly the oldest of the survivors of the war of 1812, of whom there are at present about eight.

A great pipe has just been made for President Kruger by a Dublin firm. The bowl is of the finest brier root, the stem of cut vulcanite and the case of leather, lined with chamois. On the front of the bowl the Transvaal arms are carved.

Six men whose Christian name is Patrick served as pallbearers for Patrick McNulty, an old resident of Dubuque. McNulty was so fond of the name Patrick that, before he died, he directed the selection of pallbearers with a similiar name.

Thomas J. Lee of Missouri, whom President McKinley has nominated to be professor of mathematics in the navy, first came into prominence through his discoveries regarding celestial heat, which have practically changed the whole nebular hypothesis of Herschel and Laplace.

STAGE GLINTS.

Marie Studholme is in the London music halls.

William S. Penley denies that he is contemplating an American tour.

Cæsar Thomson has lately been forced to cancel Parisian engagements through illness.

Ellen Terry's granddaughter, Rosemary Craig, has just made her debut on the stage.

Mark Murphy and his wife, Jennie Reynolds, have doubled up and are doing a sketch.

Rosa Sucher, one of the great Brunhildes in her day, has retired for good from the operatic stage.

Don Lorenzo Perosi's oratorio, "The Resurrection of Lazarus," will be performed in London in May.

It is rumored that Pauline Hall has displaced Susie Kirwin as prima donna of the Wilbur Opera company.

Charles Coghlan is making for his own use a version of "Citizen Pierre," a drama of the Robespierre times.

Ben Jonson's play, "The Alchemist," was recently produced in London under the auspices of the Elizabethan society.

Adolf Sonnenthal is coming to America for a very brief series of performances. It is 14 years since he last visited this country.

Mascagni, the composer of "Cavalleria Rusticana," has a passion for collecting watches and always carries three of them in his pockets.

Maude Adams rents a furnished house in every city she visits for any length of time, preferring domestic life to the sort of existence one encounters in hotels.

Otis Skinner is to star next season in a version of Jean Richepin's drama, "Le Chemineau," of which "Ragged Robin," played by Beerbohm Tree in London, is Louis N. Parker's adaptation.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

More than 50,000 Frenchmen belong to the Legion of Honor.

Only 8 per cent of Russia's enormous population can read and write.

The memory, it has been decided, is stronger in summer than in winter.

New York banks pay out in interest and dividends every quarter not far from $130,000,000.

Japan, with over 40,000,000 inhabitants, has only one leather shoe factory, nearly all the natives still wearing sandals of straw or wood.

Twenty-five years ago the United States produced 70 per cent of the cotton of the world. Today she produces 85 per cent of the world's cotton.

To Save Sinking Ships.

Among the inventions which had a practical trial during our war with Spain was a French device for stopping shot holes, called the Colomes stopper. One of these was employed to close a rent made by a shell in the battleship Iowa. The hole was about a foot above the water line. As soon as the stopper was inserted the inflow of water, which had begun to flood the deck, ceased. The stopper consists of a rod having at one end an iron plate, pivoted at the center so that it can be folded backward along the rod.

To stop a leak the rod carrying the plate is first thrust outward through the hole. Then a turn of the rod causes the plate, which is weighted at one end, to become parallel to the side of the ship, and in this position it is drawn back by the rod, so as more or less completely to cover the hole. Next a cellulose cushion is placed upon the rod, and by the aid of a nut forced tightly against the inner side of the ship over the hole, so as entirely to stop the leak. Stoppers of various sizes are carried to suit the size of the hole that may have to be dealt with.

A well known professor says that over a large area of central Russia the magnetic needle does not point north or south. It is in one part deflected to the west, and at another part to the east, and at one place it points due east and west.

FIRST TO GROW ORANGES.

Jesuits Introduced Them Into the Peninsular State.

The orange of Louisiana is an exceptionally fine variety of that fruit, and commands a good price in the market. The orange was first introduced into colonial Louisiana by the Jesuits, having been first grown by the members of the society on their grounds, which formerly comprised that part of the city of New Orleans which constitutes the lower part of the first district, down to Common street.

While St. Bernard and Plaquemines parishes are the chief centers of the orange culture of Louisiana, the fruit also grows well in the parishes of Orleans, Jefferson, St. James, St. John Baptist, St. Charles, Assumption, St. Mary, Terrebonne, Lafourche, Vermilion, Cameron, Iberia and Sabine. The orange tree begins to bear at about the seventh year, although it is not reckoned to have reached its full growth until its twelfth or fifteenth year.

The orange culture in Louisiana is probably the most profitable industry of the state under favorable conditions, a full grown tree producing from 3,000 to 5,000 oranges, the fruit on the tree generally selling for $10 a thousand, and as some of the largest orchards in the state yield as many as 3,000,000 oranges their market value gives a princely income to the owners of the trees. Comparatively a very small acreage of the state is devoted to the growth of oranges—possibly not more than 2,000 acres.

The sweetness, delicacy and juiciness of the Louisiana orange, the best of which are regarded in the markets outside of Louisiana as superior to even the oranges of Cuba, to which island the fruit is indigenous, render the Louisiana oranges highly prized in the north and west of the United States, so much so that the supply is not by any means equal to the demand.—New Orleans Picayune.

"This is truth the poet sings
That a sorrow's crown of sorrow
Is remembering happier things."

Isn't that what a woman thinks who finds herself practically laid aside in the heyday of life? A few years of marriage, a couple of children, and she is worn out.

And as she lies weak and suffering, she remembers the days, only such a little while behind, when she tiptoed along the top rail of the worm fence, as active and blithe as a squirrel.

But there's something wrong about this condition. One word expresses it—"unnatural." It's against nature to be in such a condition. It is the unnatural drains, the irregularity, the ulcerations and inflammations which sap woman's strength. Cure these and health comes back with all its joys.

Diseases of the delicate womanly organs are positively and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Thousands of women are on record as living witnesses to the truth of that statement.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter without charge. Every letter is held as private and its story guarded as a sacred confidence. All answers are mailed in private envelopes bearing no printing upon them. Address Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Mrs. H. A. Allsbrook of Austin, Lonoke Co., Ark., writes: "After five months of great suffering I write this for the benefit of other sufferers from the same affliction. I doctored with our family physician without any good results, so my husband urged me to try Dr. Pierce's medicines—which I did, with wonderful results. I am completely cured. I took four bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, four of his 'Golden Medical Discovery' and two vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12¾
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	20	@	20
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	51	@	55
Virginia Meal	51	@	55
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	90
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10½@		11½
Dairy Cream		@	13
State		@	10½
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	15
Rio	7½@		10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen		@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔—	11	@	13
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	53
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	65	@	75
Black Eye Peas	1 00	@	1 10
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Grn flint		@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	93	@	1 00
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	3¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed)—℔ M ℔—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	26
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 00	@	2 10
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	32
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 00
Common	1 00	@	3 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝@		5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½@		6
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	6 00	@	7 00
" Sap	4 00	@	5 00
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 40½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 40 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at 90 cents per bbl for Strained and 95 cents for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.40 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.35 per barrel for Hard, $2.00 for Dip and $2.10 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24½@24c; rosin steady at 95c@$1.00; tar steady at $1.25; crude turpentine quiet at $1.00@1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	122
Rosin	322
Tar	50
Crude Turpentine	43

Receipts same day last year, 23 casks spirits turpentine, 874 bbls rosin, 145 bbls tar, 61 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market Steady on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 7-16 cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4 13-16 " "
Low Middling	5 7-16 " "
Middling	5⅝ " "
Good Middling	6¼ " "

Same day last year middling 5¾c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 4.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina Extra prime, 75 to 80c per bushel of 28 pounds; fancy, 80 to 84c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55 to 60c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 82½ to 85c.

CORN—Firm, 50 to 52½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to $5.00, seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Money on call steady at 3@4½ per cent., the last loan being at 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487½ for demand and 484@484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@486 and 488@488½. Commercial bills 483¾@484. Silver certificates 60@61. Bar silver 60. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds easy. State bonds inactive. Railroad bonds steady. U. S. 2's, registered, 100¾; U. S. 3's, registered, 108¼; do. coupon, 109; U. S. new 4's, registered, 130; do. coupon, 130; U. S. old 4's, registered, 112; do. coupon, 113½; U. S. 5's, registered, 112½; do. coupon, 112½; N

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING

AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

1831 *Sixty-Ninth Year.* 1899

THE Country Gentleman,

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper INDISPENSABLE TO All Country Residents WHO WISH TO KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $2;
Two Subscriptions, &3.50;
Four Subscriptions, $6.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS. Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free Till January 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural news of the day) may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES.

Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,, Albany, N. Y.

oct 27 tf

NEWS AND OPINIONS of National Importance.

THE SUN ALONE CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

ja 5 tf

At The Unlucky Corner

Springfield Hams

Cheaper than anywhere in the State

Why doIyou buy that doubtful

BUTTER

When you can get my Fox River Clover Hill brand for

25c?

"Nuff Said."

S. W. SANDERS.

BARGAINS: "THERE ARE OTHERS."

my 13 tf

WANTED.

5000 pounds Wool.

5000 pounds Beeswax.

HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID.

Have some rare bargains in Fire Proof Safes.

SAMUEL BEAR Sr.,
12 Market street,
Wilmington, N. C

my 13 tf

A Nice, Clean, Cool Place

To get a first class Shave or Hair-Cut is at No. 12 North Second street, Cowell's old stand. Clean towels and polite attention is our motto. Give us a call. Electric Fan running.

EDWARD GUION and CORNELIUS S DAVIS, Lessees.

Je 22 tf

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests. Charges reasonable. Special rates for families.

Je 28 tf

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

CREATION'S MASTERPIECE.

n mists and darkness grew that wondrous
piece,
The rock ribbed frame, the blue of dome and
deep,
The shining spheres that patient vigils keep
And gorgeous blooms and growing things that
span
This whirling ball. When quick'ning life began
To thrill the myriad forms that blindly creep
Through moistened depths or poise awing or
leap
Or walk, then in his image made he man.
Now silence reigned o'er all the virgin land.
Hushed were the new made voices, hushed
the breeze.
Awed nature stilled the whisp'rings of the
trees
And hearkened. Then he spake. At his command,
Lo, from the sleeping image at his feet
A woman rose. Creation was complete.
—Hulda T. Hollands in Detroit Tribune.

THE HAIRDRESSER.

Among the crowd at the Hotel Continental, Paris, just as the arrivals by the English train were expected, a young man, with a pale, anxious face, stood waiting at the door of one of the numerous lifts.

He was merely the coiffeur, who had come to dress the hair of a beautiful English girl, as he had often done during the Parisian season for the last six years.

He was tall and slim, with long, nervous fingers—a painter's hands, with the slight backward twist of the thumb. He had begun life in a Breton village as an only son, but his intelligent face lacked the strength of a Breton, and he was too slightly built to show his origin.

His taste for painting attracted the notice of M. le Cure, who persuaded his father and mother that, having no daughter for whom to set aside a "dot," they might well afford to send their son to Paris to study.

In Paris, and the Latin Quarter, among real and false Bohemians, he alternated between the hot studio and art galleries until his work changed, and its originality gave place to a monotonous study of form and color. He grew less timid as he saw his drawings resemble those around him, and after a few months he knew one or two men at the cafe where he dined. They included a rich Englishman who posed as a painter and a poor Scotchman who thought himself worth nothing and was famous after for two happy years in London until his wearisome cough put an end to his modesty and fame. There were many others who taught the young Breton what Paris is at night, and in a year's time there was a little club, which met once a week to sing of Beranger and drink to their own favorite Lisette. The Breton father and mother died within a few months of each other, and when he returned to the village to see the latter laid in her grave the cure had forgotten his painting and advised him to be content with his small inheritance and seek work of a new kind in Paris. He smiled bitterly and faced his difficulties for a year longer, till art would have nothing to do with starvation, and he married his Lisette. He learned after a time to take part in the work of her father's shop. Lisette was no longer his ideal. She grew stout and fretful, a negligent mother, but an excellent woman of business. Then her father died and left the whole of his property to herself and her children.

He thought of her scarlet dress and red face as he waited in the corridor of the big hotel, and there was a sudden flush on his face as the door was flung open and he entered the lift, as if the scarlet remembrance had come into comparison with something else.

The mother of the English girl was waiting in the corridor above. She met him hurriedly, and in a hard voice, in which the concealed pain found later a second's expression, said quickly:

"You are very late."

"Madame, I was out when your messenger came, but I"—

She interrupted: "You know she is ill. You are not to look surprised, and you are to cut her hair short and then curl it. We expect some one by the English boat. Do you know if the train is late?"

He was flushed and stammered a little. "It—yes, it is late; they were saying so, madame, down stairs."

"Well, she is growing excited and feverish." Her voice changed and her lips shook. "Come quickly."

The coiffeur followed her down a long passage, and as she opened the door his eyes met those of the young girl. Her hair was spread over the white pillows, and amid the silk and lace of a white wrap she wore two little, thin hands beat the bedclothes impatiently.

"You are late," she cried and then stopped. Perhaps there was something startling in his eyes after all.

She turned her face away and added, with a little sob in her voice: "Come and cut my hair short at once. I get so hot at night, and it worries me. And then curl it nicely — very nicely," she continued breathlessly.

They propped her up somehow among the mass of white linen and lace. The bed was strewn with books, which she kicked away with one foot.

He saw her aunt and the garde-malade give way for him to pass, her mother stooped to whisper something, and the girl cried aloud: "Oh, is the train late—really late? I am so glad!"

The coiffeur drew nearer and took the soft brown hair in his hand. She lay very still, the better to aid him, and once glanced up to assure herself that he did not look startled; then he smiled down at her.

"You always wanted your hair to be short," he said.

"Yes, even three years ago."

"Six," he corrected.

"Oh, not so many! Is it, mamma?"

"I don't remember, darling." The mother moved farther away, as if the sight of the soft hair lying in the coiffeur's hand was unbearable.

The girl glanced after her and then said, with an uneasy expression in her beautiful eyes, "It suits me, doesn't it?"

"It is very nice," the coiffeur answered briefly.

"I want to be a little pretty, as I used to be," she said, an obvious apology for asking the former question. "And, you see, Mr. Haddon is coming this evening. You know, I was engaged to him last year."

"I had not the honor of seeing you last year, mademoiselle."

"Ah, no. I remember we staid only a week in Paris on our way back from Monte Carlo, and I shopped all the time, while Mr. Haddon looked up old friends. He seems to know half Paris."

There was regret in her voice, and she was silent for a long time.

The coiffeur spoke next.

"It is cut, mademoiselle, and it curls already as it used to do"—

She grew excited again. "Ah, but not enough—not enough! Make it quite curly and don't be too long. Mamma, you might ask"—

Her mother looked at the coiffeur and wondered if the wood fire was making the room too warm. His face, turned toward her for a second as he arranged his tongs on the spirit lamp, was so curiously white. The fact only interested her so far that her daughter ought not to have the atmosphere overheated, and she left the door a little open when she moved silently from the room.

Then, as the coiffeur asked the girl to turn her head and she laid her little white hand on his arm, the better to move, he felt as if her fingers went through his coat sleeve and scorched his flesh.

"You will overtire yourself," he said gently.

She answered fiercely, as if she feared her aunt, busy over some work in a distant corner, or the watchful religieuse might overhear.

"I am not tired. I want it done properly, please."

The shaded lamps and the closely perfumed air, with the long silence that followed, seemed like some ghastly dream. She started once and declared she heard some new arrival come along the corridor and was quietly soothed by the pale nun.

A moment later her mother entered, shook her head in response to the pleading eyes raised to hers, but as she passed him she touched the coiffeur's arm. The action was unseen. He understood, and finished quickly. He stood apart and let the others bring her a glass, watching her pleased face and the last of her childish vanity as she shook the curls with a soft little laugh and then lay back on the pillows.

As he moved again to take and wrap his tongs in a paper she suddenly spoke to him softly.

"Hush! They can't hear," she said, for the rest were quietly putting the room in order, "and I want you to promise something. Will you come after I am dead, before they let him see me, and make me look pretty again?"

So she, for whom they acted this comedy, saw through it all!

"I—I can't," he said.

Then he caught the despair in her eyes, and he compressed his lips and bowed his head silently.

"I shall tell mamma to send for you. Thank you for making me look pretty. Adieu."

He stood upright and faced her, with all the old beauty and the brilliant unrest of the past painter in his face, and he answered bravely, "Mademoiselle, it is 'au revoir.'"

* * * * * * *

The courtyard of the Continental was crowded with omnibuses and cabs. A young Englishman stood amid the new arrivals, writing a telegram on a form balanced on his racing book. He glanced round once, as a man, walking as if dazed, was hustled against his shoulder in passing. He caught sight of the white face, made more ghastly under the electric light. He moved forward and tapped the man's arm.

"Is it you?" he exclaimed.

"Haddon!"

"What the devil are you doing here?"

"I have given up painting."

"No use, I suppose?"

"None." The man seemed anxious to escape.

"Just wait till I finish this wire." The Englishman laughed as he wrote. "You know Zelie, the demimondaine? Met her at Monte Carlo last year, and we became great friends."

"I know her," said the coiffeur and waited to explain under what conditions. As he waited the Latin Quarter and Lisette came into his mind. He wondered how often Haddon had changed his Lisette, and the man's name and where he had last heard it—heard it without noting anything but a woman's face—struck him suddenly.

"Mr. Haddon," he said, "forgive me, but are you not keeping your fiancee waiting while you wire to Zelie?" There was defiance in his tone and in the voice which answered him.

"It's not your business, and how the devil do you know?"

"I have just seen her. I am a coiffeur, monsieur; that is all."

The other laughed, and, with a curt "See you again later," turned on his heel and walked toward the telegraph office.

The pale man knew that he was despised, as he himself hated and despised, and the open air and bright street made him shiver as if a great danger had been close to him and had passed.

* * * * * * *

The hotel was covered with red cloth and gay with flags and evergreens for a public ball when the coiffeur entered it two nights later. He showed nothing in his face, neither horror at his ghastly mission nor grief at the late news. He noted things strangely. "A ball going on! And she loved dancing! Perhaps the sound of the music might reach her room and wake her!"

Two nuns rose as he entered and told him that the poor mother was ill with grief and had gone to rest. He heard the wild sobs set to a dance tune as he leaned over the small bed. The nuns drew away and whispered near the fireplace, which looked bare and was empty.

The man pushed the white roses from the still, white face and began his work. It was ended, and his deft fingers were rearranging the flowers when Haddon came.

The two men faced each other in silence, but their eyes glared as if they were mad, and the religieuses came forward, startled by such a situation at such a time. The elder took some letters from a side table and gave them to the Englishman. He started, glanced down at the pink, perfumed note which lay uppermost and flushed to its coloring. He met the other man's eyes again and then hastily left the room.

In the long pause that followed the coiffeur bent low over the flowers. Dance music below, frantic cries unchecked in the next room and the nuns already opening the wardrobe to look at the pretty clothes the dead girl had worn! They could not see him, be reflected, and bent low.

His lips touched the small face, moved to her lips and rested there a moment.

Outside the calm night and the wonderful river so sadly reached. How easy also to drift with its shadows out to the open sea and forget. He turned abruptly, and the city noises, the passing carriages and the many lights meant another world.

He returned to the other world and went home.—London Sketch.

Suited Wagner.

Albert Van Biene was first 'cellist at the Royal Albert hall when Wagner's "Trilogy" was given for the first time in London. During one of the rehearsals Wagner sat in the auditorium listening attentively, and at its termination he called to Van Biene. The latter came hesitatingly, expecting a reproof. Wagner, however, only slapped him on the back, uttering the one word, "Braf!"

Piedmont Springs.

FINEST OF

MINERAL WATERS.

Magnificent Mountain Climate.

HOTEL FIRST-CLASS. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 300 GUESTS.

Rates Reasonable.

WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER GIVING ANALYSIS OF WATER AND ENDORSEMENTS FROM SOME OF THE LEADING MEN OF THE STATE.

W. P. HALYBURTON, Proprietor,

Postoffice, Piedmont Springs, N. C.

my 14 tf su we fr

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND.
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE.
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

se 1 tf

JUST IN.

Lemons---Nice, Fresh, Full Count 360s.

N. C. HAMS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars.
Field Peas for planting.

INQUIRIES INVITED.

HALL & PEARSALL,

je 20 tf WHOLSALE GROCERS.

TRINITY COLLEGE.

Forty-fifth year opens Wednesday, September 6th. Women admitted to all departments Send for Catalogue to

PRESIDENT KILGO,
Durham, N. C.

je 22 1m

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

In France postage stamps are sold at all the cigar shops.

New York, Philadelphia and Chicago eat more candy than does all of France.

Cornet players should not eat horse radish; it affects the muscles of the lips and weakens them temporarily.

A well known collector once paid $500 for a single leaf with which to make his first folio of Shakespeare a perfect copy.

Three of the largest shipping ports in the world are English towns—London, Liverpool and Hull. The remaining three are Marseilles, New York and San Francisco.

At the last meeting of the Victoria institute of London Mr. Pinches of the British museum said that some old records recently discovered in the ruins of Nineveh told the Biblical story of the fall of man, representing the tree of life as a vine and the tree of knowledge as a cedar.

IN AND OUT-OF FRANCE.

The number of Austrians in France is 12,000; the number of Frenchmen in Austria, 3,000.

Of Germans there are in France 88,838; the number of Frenchmen living in Germany is 24,000.

France has within its borders 14,887 Russians, but in Russia itself there are but 5,200 Frenchmen.

In France there are 1,130,241 foreigners, while in foreign countries there are but 517,000 Frenchmen.

The hospitality of France is accorded to 286,042 Italians, while in Italy there are only 11,000 Frenchmen.

For Spain and Switzerland the figures are more nearly equal. There are 77,000 Spaniards in France and 25,000 Frenchmen in Spain. 88,117 Swiss in France and 54,000 Frenchmen in Switzerland.

A Useless Wish.

"Oh," sighed the poetic lady, "had I the wings of a bird!"

"Don't!" protested her husband. "Don't wish for the wings of a bird. If you had them, some other woman would probably be wearing them on her hat before the season is over."—Washington Star.

AFRICAN DWARFS.

They Live and Die in the Great, Gloomy Forests.

The English traveler Alfred B. Lloyd, who has made the journey from Victoria Nyanza to the mouth of the Kongo in three months, the quickest time on record, using the Kongo steamboat service and railroad for two-thirds of the way, traveled through the great equatorial forest of which Stanley gave so vivid a description. His route was a little to the south of Stanley's road, and he saw much of the dwarfs who inhabit the forest region.

"I was three weeks crossing the great forest," he said. "Often the darkness even at midday is remarkable. Sometimes I was unable to read at noon, when, as you know, the sun near the equator is almost directly overhead. One day I tried to photograph my tent, but failed on account of the dimness of the light. I walked throughout the forest journey, though I had a saddle ass with me. I could not use him without constantly exposing myself to the danger of being unsaddled by the vines that hung over the path. We sometimes narrowly escaped being killed by the fall of enormous trees, some of whose trunks measured over 20 feet in circumference. The silence of death reigns in this forest unless broken by animals or the fall of trees."

Mr. Lloyd found game in abundance. There were numerous elephants, leopards, buffaloes and antelopes in the forest. At night he lit fires to keep animals away from the camp. He saw many more dwarfs than Stanley met in the same region and thus described them to the London News:

"I saw a great many of the pygmies, but, generally speaking, they kept out of the way as much as possible. At one place in the middle of the forest called Holenga I staid at a village of a few huts occupied by so called Arabs. There I came upon a great number of pygmies who came to see me. They told me that unknown to myself they had been watching me for five days, peering through the growth of the primeval forest at our caravan. They appeared to be very frightened, and even when speaking covered their faces. I slept at this village, and in the morning I asked the chief to allow me to photograph the dwarfs. He brought 10 or 15 of them together, and I was enabled to secure a snapshot. I couldn't give a time exposure, as the pygmies would not stand still.

"Then with great difficulty I tried to measure them and found not one of them over four feet in height. All were fully developed. The women were somewhat slighter than the men, but were equally well formed.

"I was amazed at their sturdiness. Their arms and chests were splendidly developed, as much so as in a good specimen of an Englishman. These men have long beards half way down the chest, which imparts to them a strange appearance. They are very timid and cannot look a stranger in the face. Their eyes are constantly shifting, as in the case of monkeys. They are fairly intelligent.

"I had a long talk with the chief, and he conversed intelligently about the extent of the forest and the number of his tribe. Except for a tiny strip of bark cloth, men and women are quite nude. They are armed with bows and arrows—the latter tipped with deadly poison—and carry small spears. They are entirely nomadic, sheltering at night in small huts two feet to three feet in height. They never go outside the forest. During the whole time I was with them they were perfectly friendly.

"In parts of the forest I found a fairly good track, perhaps a couple of feet wide, overhung and crossed by boughs and enormous creepers; but, generally speaking, it was easier to cut our way right through the tropical growth."

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:36 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 2:35 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:30 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 6:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:31 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:39 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:00 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 3:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 408—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Shelby 11.37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:20 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:15 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:20 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:12 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:35 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. Ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
5 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
3 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 25 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 15 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 30 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 19 p m
10 35 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 00 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 18 p m
9 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 18 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
3 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 00 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
11 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 35 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 28 tf

THE Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C., AND GEORGETOWN, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, July 8
ONEIDA.....Saturday, July 15

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, July 8
GEO. W. CLYDE.....Saturday, July 15

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE.....Tuesday, July 11
ONEIDA.....Tuesday, July 18

Steamers do not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. jy 6 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

Capital $200,000.

Our Business Keeps on Growing,

But We are Prepared for All That Comes.

WILL SERVE YOU

Promptly, Accurately, Safely.

We buy and sell Foreign Exchange, and furnish Letters of Credit available all over the world.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

apr 29 tf

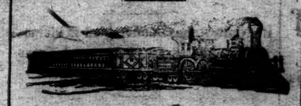
-- Kainit. --

General Stock Groceries At Wholesale.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

jy 8 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect June 12, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11:38 A. M., Goldsboro 12.30 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.50 A. M., Philadelphia 3.56 A. M., New York 6.58 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonvill 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 3.13 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.53 P. M., Wilson 3.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.31 P. M., Warsaw 4.13 P. M., Magnolia 4.39 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 00 night, New York 3.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M. Washington 3.40 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.55 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.38 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.35 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.03 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A. M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M. Returning leaves Sanford 2.39 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.50 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9 53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.43 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 4.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 3.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 3.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 2.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.06 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.32 A. M.; 5.33 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 10.25 A. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M., arrive Latta 10.34 A. M., Dillon 10.56 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.20 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 7.18 P. M., Manning 5.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 6.17 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.04 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.35 A. M.; 5.35 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.18 A. M., Antreville 9.15 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 2.35 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.30 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.05 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 8.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.30 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M. Smithfield 3.09 P. M., Dunn 3.40 P. M. Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.06 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., 9.40 P. M., Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.59 P. M., arrive Wilson 3.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta R. R. trains leave Sumter 4.39 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.19 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M., arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 10.35 A. M., and arrive Lucknow 10.15 P. M. Returning, leave Lucknow 3.10 P. M., arrive Elliotts 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

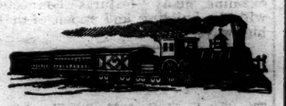
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
je 11 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 14, 1899.

TOBACCO CULTURE IN BLADEN COUNTY.

Completion of New Tobacco Warehouse in Clarkton—A Gala Day—1,000,000 Pounds Will be Marketed.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

CLARKTON, N. C., July 13.

Yesterday was Clarkton's gala day, the occasion being the celebration of the completion of the new tobacco warehouse built by Messrs. O. L. Clark and Currie Brothers. From early morning until noon the people poured into town from all points. The early west bound freight brought a contingent from "down the road." The east bound mail delivered large delegations from Lumberton, Yorkville, Bladen, Abottsburg and more distant points, and by noon there were more than a thousand people on the ground

The ladies were on hand in force and with their bright beautiful faces and charming dresses and gay conversation and laughter were a most important element in making the success of the day.

The exercises were held in the main building of the new warehouse and were opened at 11 o'clock with prayer by Rev. Mr. MacFadyen, who was followed by Prof. Massey of the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Raleigh. Prof. Massey spoke for at least an hour and was listened to with great attention. It was a plain practical common sense talk which appeared to be understood well and assimilated.

Following this dinner was served under the shady giant trees of the park, near the old Clark homestead. In the afternoon, to the music of the band, the young folks had dancing in the warehouse, which, besides being a handsome and practical business structure, is also admirably adapted to hall purposes and will no doubt be frequently called into use for such purposes when the tobacco season is over. In the evening a very clever musical and dramatic entertainment was given, which was much applauded.

The new warehouse consists of two buildings, the main building or salesroom being 60x165, which is splendidly lighted with glass sashes and roof lights. There is also an annex, where the tobacco will be sorted, graded and stored, and which is 40x60 feet. In the rear are horse sheds and camping grounds for the comfort of the farmers who bring their tobacco from a distance.

Last year Clarkton, being anxious to be emancipated from the burden of cotton production, experimented with two other lines—trucking and tobacco. Both proved very successful, and, finding ready sale for their tobacco at high prices, the product being of remarkably good grade, the farmers from a total of an experimental crop of fifty acres last year have this year planted over a thousand acres of tobacco in the territory tributary to the new warehouse. A drive among the tobacco farms yesterday showed the crop in fine condition, already drying having been commenced, and it is estimated by a well posted and conservative man that the tobacco warehouse will this season handle not less than one million pounds of tobacco, valued at $75,000. The farmers from last year's experience count on not less than $75 per acre, which, as one of them remarked, "beats cotton out of sight."

Messrs. Clark and Currie Brothers were prompt to see how Clarkton and the community would be benefitted by having a home market and with their usual enterprise promptly built the tobacco warehouse. How this step will lead by degrees to other progress it is easy to see.

The Seaboard Air Line, with its usual desire to encourage and assist all enterprises along its line, the sagacious policy observed by Mr. St. John, had on the grounds yesterday a reporter from S. A. L. Magundie to write up the affair and also the road's official photographer who took some very interesting views which will be published in season.

Altogether the affair was a big success and pleased every one. It was Clarkton's jubilee and as some one from another town remarked "When Clarkton starts out to do anything she gets there sure."

The new warehouse will be opened commercially on the 25th inst.

P. R.

LIST OF LETTERS.

Remaining Uncalled For in the Wilmington Postoffice July 13th, 1899.

WOMEN'S LIST.

Dimper Benson, Marceline Boney, Gosie Bawans, T C Davis, Laney Charlotte Kilton, Adline Lighmen, Maggie Lewis, Lillie G McKay, M L Rodgers, Rosetta Sheppard, Carey Stergins, Mrs Wm H Walker, Catherine Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

J W Brinkley, S Taber Bayles, John Crallet, I S Coleman, James Th B Fonla, Eddy Graham, H T Gause, James Gardner, Geo Hill, Heath, Springs & Co, Hillerey Harten, Julian Hines, M F Hickey, Lewis James, William Johnson, Robt E Lee, W F Moore (col), John Mosley, Willie H Martin, T R Mercer, James Morse, John McDade, Duan Nash, John Poe, Henry Riggs, J H Robertson, R B Wm Stevenson (2), Ira B Townsend, I R Van Girder, Geo F Weston, F Wilson, Willie Young.

RETURNED FROM DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

Josephine Brannin, M J Hall, R Harley, Martha Jacobs, Joseph Thomas.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in fifteen days they will be sent to the dead letter office.

WM. H. CHADBOURN, Postmaster.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—13 casks spirits turpentine, 50 barrels rosin, 15 barrels crude turpentine.

W. C. & A. Railroad—40 casks spirits turpentine, 40 barrels rosin, 22 barrels tar, 14 barrel crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—31 casks spirits turpentine, 88 barrels rosin.

Steamer W. T. Dagett—9 casks spirits turpentine, 85 barrels rosin, 6 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Steamer Seabright—23 casks spirits turpentine, 33 barrels rosin, 8 barrels crude turpentine.

C. Larkins Flat—6 casks spirits turpentine, 26 barrels rosin, 22 barrels trr.

Total—Spirits turpentine, 122 casks; rosin, 332 barrels; tar, 50 barrels; crude turpentine, 43 barrels.

Read the advertisement of the East Carolina Real Estate Agency in this issue of the STAR. It offers for sale some very valuable farms. †

CHANGES IN THE WAR REVENUE ACT

One Proposition Under Consideration is a Tax on Sale or Rental of Patented Articles.

THE TELEPHONE COMPANIES.

Express and Telegraph Companies Doing a Money Exchange Business May be Required to Pay an Annual Tax for This Privilege.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—It is altogether probable that the next annual report of the Internal Revenue Bureau will recommend a number of changes in the war revenue act. In the main, the law has worked satisfactorily and has produced almost exactly the amount estimated by the commissioner. This, however, was something less than the estimates generally accepted by well informed members of Congress.

The internal revenue officials are of the opinion that the law might properly be extended in certain directions without becoming at all burdensome to the public and in a way to produce a considerable revenue. One of the propositions now under consideration is to assess a tax on the sale or rental of all patent protected articles. In speaking of the matter to-day one of the officials spoke of the telephone companies in this connection and at the same time said that there were many inventions producing an enormous profit which could well stand a revenue tax.

Express and Telegraph Companies.

It probably will be suggested to Congress that express and telegraph companies doing a money exchange business be required to pay an annual tax for the privilege. Although they now pay a tax on receipts and telegrams, respectively, it is pointed out that bankers are required to pay a yearly tax of $50, which is regarded as a discrimination against them. It is probable that each express office and telegraph office in towns having over a certain population, if the views of the treasury officials are approved by Congress, will be required to pay a certain yearly tax for the privilege of doing an exchange business.

It is also likely that a modification of the law with respect to mutual insurance companies may be recommended. In the present act there is considerable obscurity with respect to the provisions as to these companies, both fire and life. It is pointed out that a number of the leading companies in the country are operated upon the mutual plan. Some of them are paying the tax without protest but there is doubt as to their liability in this respect. It is believed, however, that Congress clearly intended to make the exemption apply to local companies doing a strictly local business without surplus or undivided profits of money at their command with which to pay large salaries to their officers.

A Source of Much Trouble

Section twenty of the war revenue act, defining what shall be taxed under schedule B, has been a source of much trouble to the internal revenue officers. For instance, the whole group of coal tar extracts has been decided by the courts to be not subject to the tax. A pound of phenacetin costs in Canada, it is said, from twelve to fifteen cents, and yet in the United States the price is uniformly a dollar a pound. This drug, it thought, could well stand a heavy tax.

There are several items in the old internal revenue laws which, it is believed should be eliminated or modified, and it is not improbable that Congress will be asked to appoint an expert commission to thoroughly go over the ground and recommend such changes in detail as experience has shown to be necessary.

GUATEMALA TROUBLE.

State Department Anxiously Watching Developments in the Central American Republic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The State Department is watching with anxiety the developments in Guatemala. It is premature to say that the decision is to send the Philadelphia from San Francisco down to that country, and it may be that the presence of the gunboat Vixen on the east coast will be regarded as sufficient for the present. But there are hints of foreign action that might involve a repetition of the Corinto incident, and in that case it is probable it would be deemed necessary by our government to have a stronger naval representation at the seat of trouble.

It is said at the State Department that the financial conditions in Guatemala, with impending repudiation, threaten severe loss to American citizens. But so far our Government has not consented to take any joint action with England, Germany or any other nation, to bring pressure to bear upon the disturbed republic.

BATTLE WITH ROBBERS.

Two White Men Shot by a Sheriff's Posse Near Leesburg, Georgia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LA CROSS, GA, July 13.—Information has just come from Leesburg, Lee county, that the sheriff's posse in pursuit of the two white men who robbed the postoffice here Tuesday night and probably fatally shot Judge Henry Singletary, came up with the fugitives near that place this evening. The posse surrounded the men and called upon them to surrender. They resisted and a volley was fired. One of the robbers was killed and the other seriously wounded. The wounded robber confessed the crimes. Their names cannot be ascertained.

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 18.—Washington-Cincinnati and Baltimore-Louisville games. Rain.

Philadelphia, 5; Cleveland, 1. Game called at end of seventh inning on account of darkness.

Chicago, 9; Boston, 4.

Pittsburg, 9; New York, 6.

St. Louis, 8; Brooklyn, 2.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency has excellent facilities for selling farms and timbered lands. It advertises all property and makes only a nominal charge unless a sale is made. For terms etc., address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION.

Its Ninth Annual Convention in Richmond, Va.—Addresses—Reports of Treasurer and Board of Managers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RICHMOND, VA., July 13.—The Baptist Young People's Union of America met in its ninth annual convention here in the Exposition Hall this morning. Addresses of welcome were made by Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson, Mr. M. H. Montague and Mr. Gardner Pollard, and the response was made by Rev. R. L. Anderson, of Rochester, N. Y. After addresses on the "Disciple and His Lord," by Rev. Dr. Mabie, of Boston, and the "Disciple and His Fellow Man," by the Rev. Dr. W. W. Landrum, read in his absence, the convention took a recess.

At the afternoon session two addresses were made and the annual reports of the officers submitted. Rev. Dr. A. J. Dickinson, of Selma, Ala., spoke of the "Law of Discipleship" and Rev. Dr. T. Denman, of Milwaukee, on a "Disciple's Wages."

The reports submitted were those of the board of managers and of the treasurer, Mr. Frank Moody. The report of the board of managers sets forth that the past year has been one persistent effort. Difficulties were encountered, such as the vastness of the field and complex interests, but over against these were many encouragements. The number of examination papers received in the Christian Culture course, exceeded any former year, the total being 15,200.

There has been, the report adds, a falling off in the senior, but a gain of nearly 2,000 in the junior department of this work. The progress of the Bible readers course and the Missionary course has been encouraged. The report says that the lessons in the Sacred Literature course for the coming year will be prepared by Professor Milton D. Evans, of Crozier's Theological Seminary. The most gratifying feature of the year, it is reported, has been the development of the junior work, but it is stated that the one feature of the year that detracts from the general satisfaction is the financial as represented largely in the matter of subscription to the publications. The report was referred to the committee on important topics, and the treasurer's report which gave details of the financial part of the board's report was adopted. The convention then took a recess until 8:30.

At the night session the banner for senior work in the "Conquest Missionary Course" was presented to Woodruff Place Church, of Indianapolis, Ind., after which President Chapman delivered his annual address. President Chapman alluded to the friendship existing between this country and England, and leaned to imperialism as tending to advance the cause of Christianity.

A topical address on "The Horizon of Discipleship" by W. G. Fennell, of Meridian, Conn., followed and the convention adjourned until to-morrow morning.

IN THE TRANSVAAL.

The Volksraad Adopted the Preamble to the Franchise Law.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PRETORIA, July 13.—The Volksrad to-day adopted the preamble of the Franchise law, which declares the necessity exists for the immediate adoption of the law, thus avoiding the three months previous publication required by the constitution. The discussion of the articles of the law is now in progress.

CAPETOWN, July 13.—The Cape Parliament will open to-morrow, and exciting scenes are anticipated, owing to the attitude of the premier, W. P. Schreiner, on the Transvaal question. A large number of the Opposition members favor his impeachment. In the meantime the Africander party is working up a pro-Boer agitation and doing its utmost in this direction. An attempt to hold a Loyalist meeting at Worcester this evening was frustrated by a number of Africanders, who precipitated disgraceful scenes, forcibly dragging the loyalist speakers from the platform and expelling them from the hall, amid jeers and insults.

It is reported that several Dutch members of the legislature participated.

The publication of the text of the Transvaal franchise law, now being debated at Pretoria, has accentuated the bitterness between the two elements.

The military authorities here are purchasing horses, mules and wagons and preparing to forward supplies to Kimberley.

ROAD BUILDERS' INSTITUTE.

Address of Gen. Roy Stone the Feature of Yesterday's Session.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 13.—At the session of the Road-builders' Institute to-day the address of General Roy Stone, of Washington, was the feature of the occasion, and was full of practical and wise suggestions concerning road-building in the Southern States. Other valuable addresses were delivered by President Alderman, of the University of North Carolina, State Geologist Holmes, Commissioner of Agriculture Patterson, Professor J. V. Lewis, of Clemson College, Professor J. M. Bandy, and several other prominent delegates.

The delegates are delighted with the more than one hundred miles of splendid macadam roads in Charlotte and Mecklenburg county.

To-morrow the delegates will again examine many features connected with the building and repair of these highways.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The Totals of Each for the Fiscal Year Just Ended.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—A statement of the imports and exports of the United States shows that for the year the total imports of merchandise amounted to $697,077,388, of which $300,000,000 was free of duty. For the year the exports of domestic merchandise amounted to $1,227,438,425, which is a decrease from last year of $4,038,905. For the year the imports of gold amounted to $88,954,603 and the exports to $37,522,086.

A Port Said dispatch says Admiral Dewey arrived there yesterday evening on board the United States cruiser Olympia.

$5.00 Reward

Will be paid for delivery in good condition to the undersigned, of the rear sight of the Spanish gun presented to city of Raleigh by the cruiser "Raleigh," and supposed to have been lost between Southport and Wilmington. No questions asked and money promptly paid.

H. H. BRIMLEY, Curator, State Museum, Raleigh, N. C. †

KEEPING THE REBELS MOVING.

Lake Laguna De Bay Patrolled by Troops of the Fourth Cavalry.

SHARP ENGAGEMENT TUESDAY

Two Cavalrymen Wounded — Insurgent Loss Thirty-five—Otis Calls for 2,500 Horses — Condition of Volunteers—Men Debilitated.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, July 13.—Lake Laguna de Bay is being patrolled by three troops of the Fourth cavalry under Captain McGraw and the army gunboat Napidan, commanded by Lieutenant Larsen. The force makes its headquarters on an island, living on cascoes, in which the men are towed about to make unexpected visits to towns where there are small forces of insurgents, for the purpose of keeping the rebels moving. On Tuesday the troops had an engagement at Mantitupa, on the south shore of the lake. They fought five hundred insurgents there, entrenched near the shore. The Napidan shelled the rebels and a party of American troops, numbering 135, landed and drove them by a sharp running fire to the hills where they were too strongly entrenched for the small force to attack them.

Two of the cavalrymen were wounded and the bodies of ten insurgents were found. It is supposed that the enemy's loss is 35.

Volunteers Greatly Dibilitated.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., July 13.—Advices received by the transport Newport dated Manila, June 11, are as follows:

The volunteers are greatly debilitated in consequence of their hard campaign through three months of tropic weather. Since May no volunteer regiment has had a sick list of less than twenty per cent. Most of them at the present date have 25 per cent. ill and a few regiments have less than one-third of their number off duty. The Nebraska regiment has suffered the worst. It came in from San Fernando a few days ago with less than 200 men in the ranks. The South Dakota followed yesterday with 275 men on duty. The Montana and Kansas regiments at San Fernando have not more than 280 available men each. The morning after the Washington troops took Morong, a week ago, only 263 men responded to the roll call. The Washington men have been engaged since March 12 in preventing the insurgent armies of the North and South from forming a junction in the region of Laguna de Bay, often being engaged at the same time with the enemy in opposite directions.

Twenty-four of the Nebraska officers are on the sick list and the Montana, Kansas, Washington and South Dakota regiments show twenty or more officers in the hospitals or sick in their quarters. These regiments have born the brunt of the fighting. Their losses in killed and wounded range from 160 in the Montana regiment to 280 Nebraska men. The loss of the Kansas regiment is second to that of the Nebraska men while the Washington and South Dakota regiments follow closely, each with losses of about 200. The Oregon regiment has also suffered very severely.

Of the regulars the Third artillery is the heaviest loser, its killed and wounded numbering 123.

Otis Wants Horses.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—A dispatch has been received from General Otis that there be sent to the Philippines 2,500 horses, in order that a brigade of cavalry may be organized at the end of the rainy season. General Otis has tried the horses of Manila and near by countries, but none of them seem to be available for cavalry. It is the intention of Secretary Alger to have the mounts carefully selected and he thinks that animals from the Southern States, not too heavy, but tough and wiry, will be the best.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Separatist uprising in the southern provinces of Peru is spreading, and the government has sent 500 infantry and cavalry into the rebellious district.

The organization of the United American Glue Company, with a capital of $35,000,000, was completed yesterday at a meeting in New York city.

Hon. W. B. Hill, of Macon, was yesterday elected Chancellor of the University of Georgia, to succeed Dr. W. B. Boggs, who resigned several months ago.

There have been enlisted in the new volunteer regiments, so far, 791 men. As the recruiting has all been done at the regular stations the result is considered very good at the War Department.

Three tramps were killed and five others were seriously injured by the wrecking of a freight train on the Chicago & Alton road, near Glendale, Mo. The body of another man is believed to be at the bottom of the wreckage.

Ex-Senator Arthur P. Gorman, who is at Magnolia, Miss., somewhat indisposed, owing, it is said, to the change from his accustomed surroundings, was greatly improved yesterday. His illness was not serious.

John Harrell, white, has been arrested on the charge of assassinating his mother-in-law, Mrs. William Hastings, in Randolph county, Ga., Harrell says he killed Mrs. Hastings because she persuaded his wife to leave him.

In Trinity Episcopal church, Portsmouth, Va., yesterday Rev. James Bowen Funston was consecrated missionary bishop of Idaho. The ceremony was an impressive one and the church was crowded with church dignitaries from all over the country.

John D. Davis and wife, Louise Hitchcock Davis, at 11 o'clock yesterday started from New York for a trip to San Francisco on a gasoline automobile. The trip will be the longest, if completed, ever made by an automobile.

Maj. John Calhoun Courtney, a Confederate veteran, president of the Virginia Society of Atlanta, secretary of the Capital City Club, and manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, died at his home in Atlanta last night; aged 65 years.

The North Pacific R. R. won over one million acres of land in the suit of the government to declare void part of the land grant of that road, which was based on the question whether the terminus of that road was at Duluth or at Ashland. The decision is in favor of the company's contention that Ashland is the terminus.

The East Carolina Real Estate Agency will sell for cash, or will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington, a farm of 272 acres, three miles from Rose Hill. Address R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C. †

MISSISSIPPI SENATORSHIP.

Gov. McLaurin's Election Practically Assured—Ex-Gov. Lowry Leading for the Short Term.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, July 13.—A special to the *Constitution*, from Jackson, Miss., says:

Governor McLaurin has attained such a lead in the country primaries that his election as United States Senator is practically assured. He has seventy-two votes in the primaries thus far held and only ninety are necessary to elect.

"Private" John Allen has a total in his primaries of but twenty-two. Even if he were successful in carrying all the northern counties which are supposed to be solid for him, he could not possibly overcome McLaurin's lead. The primaries will not be concluded until September 7th.

Ex-Governor Lowry is leading for the short term Senatorship, closely pressed by State Senator Sullivan.

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

An Alliance With the Baltimore and Ohio Probable in the Near Future.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 13.—It was reported in Wall street to-day that an alliance between the Seaboard Air Line and the Baltimore and Ohio is probable in the near future. It is stated that John Skelton Williams, who is at the head of the syndicate which is working to consolidate the Seaboard Air Line, the Georgia and Alabama, and the Florida Central and Peninsular, is much interested in the proposed alliance, which could be brought about by the construction of a few miles of connecting line. It is said that the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac will carry the new system from Richmond to its northern connection and that the plan contemplates through trains from New York to Tampa and other Florida points by January 1st, 1900.

From official sources it is learned that the big Southern Railway Company reaching to Louisville, and the Monon, which connects the latter city and Chicago, will soon be under one ownership. The deal for the amalgamation of these two properties is said to be nearing a close.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

The former residence of Hon. C. W. McClammy, at Scott's Hill, has been sold by the owner, Mrs. E. Vollers, to Newton Sidbury, of Scott's Hill, for $1,200. Terms of sale cash. jy 14 1t*

Photographic Bargains—In order to start my business again, I will from August 1st to 15th, inclusive, make the best Cabinet Photographs for $1.50 per dozen. Regular $1.50 16x20 frames, $1.50 each. Cash at sitting. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. jy 11 tf

Gee Whiz Chewing Gum, French Mixed Candies, Extracts Vanilla, Lemon, Cinnamon. Few Seed Peas. T. D. Love. jy 4 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. R. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. je 11 tf

Rock Salt, Hay, Grain, fresh-ground Meal, Hominy, and all kinds of mixed Feed. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. my 28 tf

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons, Confections and an extra quality of Up-country Butter just received. All at low prices. A. S. Winstead. my 27 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 26 tf

Photographic Notice—I will be out of the city for a while. Reserve your orders for me. Special inducement when I come. U. C. Ellis, Photographer. ma 26 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1ST, 1899,

the Schedule of the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
6.30 A. M.	7.30 A. M.
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	3.45 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	6 00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	10.00 P. M.
SUNDAY.	
10 10 A. M.	11.30 A. M.
2.30 P. M.	6.00 P. M.
7.15 P. M.	9.00 P. M.

Every Friday and Saturday night, on account of Club and Hotel dances, the 7.15 P. M. train will leave the beach at 11.00 P. M. instead of 10.00.

my 31 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

N. F. PARKER,

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

No. 17 South Front Street.

THE FINEST, BEST SELECTED, CHEAPEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH.

Cane Seat Chairs at 50c and Porch Rockers at 75c went all right, but Chiffoniers at $4.39 are slow. How will they go at $4.10?

Furniture advanced in last 60 days 30 per cent. Had "foresight" and bought enough to sell at old prices till October 1. jy 12 tf

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm Near Kinston.

A valuable Farm of 375 acres one and a half miles from Kinston, N. C. Seven-room dwelling, four tenant houses. Stables and out houses. Grape vines, fruit trees, pastures for stock. Houses on elevated hills overlooking town. Land in good state of cultivation for truck, tobacco, cotton, corn, &c. The farm can be easily divided into three places.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Haynes, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty-two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,
Burgaw, N. C.

je 7 tf

Mortgage Foreclosure.

By virtue of the power of sale made and given in a certain mortgage executed by W. H. Cotton to the undersigned, duly registered in New Hanover county, in Book 94, pages 502 to 505, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on Wednesday, August 2nd, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in Wilmington, N. C., the following property:

Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street 99 feet south of southern line of Harnett street, runs thence south with said line of Eighth street 33 feet, thence west parallel with Harnett street 8½ feet, thence north parallel with Eighth street 33 feet, thence east parallel with Harnett street 8½ feet to the beginning.

NORTH CAROLINA HOME BUILDING ASSOCIATION.
By JOHN D. BELLAMY, Attorney.
July 12th, 1899. jy 12 15t

PORK, PORK.

100 bbls Regular Mess Pork.
1,300 bbls Flour.
1,700 Second-hand Machine Spirit Barrels.
30 tons Hoop Iron.
800 bales Hay.
900 bales Rice Straw.
And all other Goods in my line.

D. L. GORE,

120, 122 and 124 North Water street,
je 28 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The University of North Carolina.

Widest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 495; three Academic Courses; three Elective Courses; three Professional Schools, in Law, in Medicine and in Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water Works, Splendid Libraries, Laboratories etc.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition, $60 a year; Board, $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self-help. Scholarships and loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers. Summer School for teachers. Twenty-four instructors, 147 students. Total enrollment, 644.

For catalogue, address
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
je 20 2w Chapel Hill, N. C.

PEACE INSTITUTE,

RALEIGH, N. C.

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

je 15 tf JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.

NOTICE.

A Dividend of Two Per Cent. will be paid on and after the 15th day of July, 1899, to all creditors of the Bank of New Hanover at Wilmington who have duly proved their claims before the Receiver. JUNIUS DAVIS,
jy 12 5t Receiver.

D. O'CONNOR.

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf

Beginning Monday, July 10,

FOR ONE WEEK WE WILL HAVE OUR

Mid-Summer Clearance Sale and Bargain Week.

Over 200 Bargains are on display. We take inventory August 1st, and wish to reduce our stock. TERMS AT THIS

Sale will be cash.

Remember, One Week, beginning Monday, July 10th. See handbills for partial list of Bargains.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

jy 9 tf No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET.

That's what we are trying to do—catch the eye of the public. We are doing it, too. This is shown by the number of the public who come to see us about their individual eyes. Skill, care, and ability is a combination that MUST WIN.

Dingelhoef Bros.,

OCULO-OPTICIAN,
RELIABLE JEWELER.

PARLOR NO. 123 MARKET STREET. jy 4 tf

This Hot Weather makes one Think of COMFORT.

The thinnest of wearing apparel is a necessity. We are ready to serve your wants, let them be few or many.

WASH FABRICS—Consisting of Lace Lawns, Dimities, Domestic Wash Goods, Batistes, Organdies, Striped and Figured Challies, Fine Piques, Checked and Fancy Striped Madras, Plaitrva Mulls, Scotch Madras and Ginghams.

WHITE GOODS—Here is what we have for you: Swiss Mull, French Organdie, Elegant Fine Sheer Quality India Linen, Persian Lawn, English Nainsook, Fine Figured and Corded Pique, Dimities and Madras.

DOMESTIC COTTON—Shirting Prints, Windsor Percales, Indigo Calico, Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting and Shirting, White Cotton Spreads, Table Felt, etc.

UMBRELLA WEATHER—Every man, woman and child ought to have one for protection. It requires little money for such comfort. We have them at prices to suit all.

FOR THIS WEEK—Ladies' "Equipoise Waists" that were $2.25 and $2.50, now $1.00." "The Jennesse Miller Model Bodice," former price $1.75, this week $1.00. Children's and Infants "Double Ye Waists" that were 25 and 50 cents, this week they are yours for 15 cents. Ferris' Baby Waist were 25 and 35 cents, they also go for 15 cents this week.

MATTINGS, RUGS AND ART SQUARES.

New designs in Cotton Warp; also the best line of China Matting ever offered on this market. Just think, a 30x60 inch Smyrna Rug for $1.25; another 36x72 for $2.00.

Sole Agent for "Her Majesty's Corsets" and Butterick's Patterns.

Leave orders for Delineator.

A. D. BROWN,

jy 2 tf NORTH FRONT STREET.

Extensively Advertised in all Leading Journals.

Remington Standard Typewriters, Parker's "Lucky Curve" Jointless Fountain Pens, Eastman's Kodaks, Waterman's "Ideal" Fountain Pens, Rochester Optical Co.'s Cameras, Edison's Mimeograph, etc.

All the above are sold by us exclusively, and at manufacturers' prices.

--Sporting Goods.--

This is the season for Base Ball and Summer Sports. We make a specialty of Spalding's line of goods, which we supply at exactly manufacturers' prices. Hammocks, Croquet, Golf and Lawn Tennis Goods.

C. W. YATES & CO.,

jy 9 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

A DANGEROUS HYPNOTIST

PEOPLE THINK A MAN IS SOMETIMES, WHEN THE REAL SECRET OF HIS INFLUENCE IS GOOD TASTE IN DRESS AND BEING WELL DRESSED AT ALL TIMES. THERE IS NOTHING THAT LENDS THAT AIR OF SWELLDOM AND DISTINGUISHED APPEARANCE TO A MAN AS A SUIT OF CLOTHING MADE AND FITTED PERFECTLY BY AN ARTIST TAILOR. THAT IS THE SECRET OF OUR SUCCESS.

WE HAVE ONLY A FEW IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SUITINGS AND TROUSERINGS LEFT, BUT WE CAN GET YOU UP A HANDSOME SUIT. NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, BELTS, HANDKERCHIEFS